THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1871 [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 43

Evening Edition.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1871.

☞ See Fourth Page, for interesting Reading

☞ From our New York exchanges we learn that M'm. Le Vert has returned to that city, after a two years' residence at the South.

The Bank of England.

The bullion now in the vaults of the bank is reported at £27,444,619, and the increase last week at £472,000.

France.

France is paying now for her war with Prussia. She has just paid Switzerland 2,000,000 francs as an instalment of the amount due to that country for maintaining Bourbaki's fugitive French army.

☞ The first bale of new cotton received in New York, was on the 28th ult. The bale was grown in Fayette county, Texas, and the quality low middling. It brought forty-three cents per pound, and was to be sent to Liverpool, last Saturday.

☞ The number of pounds of tobacco consumed in the United States during the past fiscal year was 86,178,600, and the number of cigars 1,328,005,109. According to the census returns (38,000,000) the above would give to each person two and one quarter pounds of tobacco and thirty-five cigars.

Rev. Dr. Sampson.

It is reliably stated that the above most excellent and estimable gentleman has, tendered his resignation as President of Columbia College, District of Columbia, which post he has held some fifteen years. It is understood that he has been tendered a lucrative professorship in a Northern college.

The Southern Farm and Home.

The August number of the above excellent magazine is on our table. Each number of the Farm and Home in its varied contents relative to agriculture, manufactures, domestic economy, etc., is an improvement on the last, and bears testimony to the ability and energy of the management.

☞ The Asiatic crowds upon the African in Louisiana, which State will soon have a large Chinese population. One thousand laborers, in addition to those already there, are engaged by an agent in China, and it is believed that in a short time Louisiana will have tens of thousands of Mongolians performing the labor hitherto done by colored men.

Newspapers in the United States.

In the United States there are published 4,837 newspapers and periodicals, whereof New York has 712, California 160, Virginia 78, West Virginia 38, North Carolina 47, South Carolina 45, Tennessee 70, Nevada 9. One hundred and eighty-nine are German, 26 French, 11 Swedish, 6 Spanish, 5 Dutch, 3 Italian, 2 Welsh, and 1 Bohemian. Of the whole number of 4,837, only 215 claim to be religious; of which the Methodists have 35, the Baptists 30, the Catholics, 25, the Presbyterians 20, the Episcopalians 16, and the Mennonists the least number, being 2.

Imports of Dry Goods.

We have again to notice, says the New York Bulletin, a material increase over the corresponding months in the two preceding years, the total amount entered at the port being $8,829,726 against $6,090,722 in July 1870, and $7,936,470 in 1869. This increase is chiefly on the manufactures of wool, cotton, and silk, which were also imported in considerably larger amounts than during the month of June. Linens show no material increase either as compared with the preceding months, or with former years. The stock in bond was increased $1,601,779, the entries for warehousing exceeding the withdrawals by that amount. This is not an unusual feature at this season of the year, when goods are arriving for the fall trade, and the immediate demand is small. The entries direct for consumption have been large, however, amounting to $5,611,608 this month, against $4,627,472, in July, 1870, and $4,789,069 in 1869.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Northern Towns---Butler and Beer---The New Departure---How Regarded. ---How the People Feel About the Results of the War.

TROY, N. Y., July 27, 1871.

I write you last from West Boylston, Mass., a specimen New England village, and as fresh and lovely a little spot as the eye would care to linger upon. It has 2,700 people, and its industries are principally manufactures. They have five large school houses, four of which cost six thousand dollars each, for which the people are taxed. Education is free as to cost, but compulsory. Children are not allowed to be employed unless their parents send them to school a certain time. The result is general education, and an excellent order of education at that.

YANKEE TOWNS.

There are many things in which our Southern people can pattern after the Yankees in regard to the management of their villages, as well as their construction. Paint and grass are the two great simple elements that go to constitute the fresh loveliness and smiling attractions of a New England town, and for which all New England towns are proverbial. The houses are all painted, and the paint is freely used because it more than pays for itself in its preservation of the building. The grass lawns and borders make the streets and yards as beautiful as nature's great simple refreshing color, green, can make them. All towns have laws against turning stock into the streets. This preserves the streets pure and clean. It also does away with the necessity of fences. Half of the houses have no fences or gates, and the effect is unique. The people here have a most commendable custom of filling their houses with vines and flowers. The dwellings of the poorest are found to be adorned with shrubbery. It is rather an anomaly that the practical Northerner should so exceed the more sentimental Southerner in the use of these attractive little adornments of home. The houses are built here with a view to winter comfort, and hence lack the broad passages that mark the Southern dwelling, and that are made to secure coolness.

BEN BUTLER.

I had a good deal of curiosity to know how the solid Massachusetts people regard Ben Butler, and to know whether they accept him as a representative of Puritan excellence. I found them tender-footed about him. Many openly abuse him and call him Beast as pat as any Southerner. Many estimate him highly, and utterly disbelieve anything against him, but the majority, I think, regard him as an unscrupulous man, abused more than he deserves. He has announced himself as a candidate for Governor in a very characteristic letter, in which, with his usual modesty, he owns up frankly to being one of the prominent political men of the country. I have asked a number how they would like him for Governor. They generally expressed a disrelish for the honor, and a doubt of its possibility.

BEER.

One of the great public questions in Massachusetts is the liquor prohibition issue. The fight is pretty fierce, but at present the temperance men are triumphant. Butler has been asked his opinion upon it, but very ingeniously evaded an answer upon the merits, replying the unanswerable statement that as long as it was the law it should be enforced, but cutely dodging any committal on the propriety of the law. In 311 towns out of 340 in Massachusetts, nothing but cider can be sold. In 27 beer can be sold. In none is the sale of spirits permissable. You can thus see what an advantage the temperance party has. But even in this moral atmosphere of Puritanic tetotalism and Beast Butler, there are sharp ways of evading the law, and the ungodly imbibers and unregenerate whisky slingers, will crop out on jolly sprees over bad liquor. This is awful. The secret sale of spirits is very great, and the clandestine opportunities for getting drunk are many and ingenious. Five cents for a look at the beauties of a striped pig brings a gift of horrible liquor. Hollow Bibles carry *spirituous* though not *spiritual* inspiration. I have been at some pains to learn whether prohibition diminishes drunkenness. As far as I can learn it does not. The secret sale fully equals, if it does not surpass the legalized sale. Five leading cities are given over to the Philistines, and beer rules, among them Boston, Worcester and Springfield. That Boston, the great Hub, should be thus depraved, is a great sorrow to the Prohibitionists.

POLITICS.

It is needless for me to say that I have enquired widely and patiently into the political status. In New England, Democracy is making slow progress. The New Departure seems very lifeless. It don't win the Republicans. There is a hearty hatred of Vallandigham, its author. The masses of the people, those who stay at home and take their impressions from their party papers, think the South rebellious still. Morton's programme for the Democracy was enunciated with a profound knowledge of the temper and views of the masses here. All matters shrink into littleness in comparison with establishing the fruits of the war. Centralism, against which there is a general Republican opposition, bad financial management, oppressive taxes, and improper legislation are evils of small magnitude in juxtaposition with the one calamity of losing the results of the war success. This swallows up all the other issues. You may carry the Northerners judgment overwhelmingly on these other things, but give him cause for alarm about the rebellion and he is ready for any sacrifice and any party that says the war results must stand eternally. The Radical leaders have played on this with consummate skill and tact. When whipped on other issues, they have but to ingeniously draw public attention to this, and victory is sure. Hence it is that the Northern Democracy has made the New Departure to kill this false and treacherous issue. Preach centralism until the people are ready to see a Gorgon horror in it, and raise the war-cry, and they tell you that centralism is preferable. Refer to the unconstitutional reconstruction legislation, and your Conservative Republican owns it not right, but says it was necessary, and time will correct its evil. Grant is not popular, but he represents a policy that is, viz: a sturdy adhesion to the harvest that success in the war gave to the North. The Ku-Klux legislation was a horrible piece of business, but it was an admirable specimen of partisan strategy.

It stated a falsehood as a fact, but the very fact of statement carries prima facie conviction of the truth of the falsehood. It took for granted an unreal condition of things, and made such a condition a reality to these people from the very hypothesis of its reality. It was the deliberate and gratuitous fabrication of a false issue upon which to fight a political battle. The thing is a curiosity in politics. The Radical leaders are coolly duping the honest masses of Northern Republicans. And my judgment is at this present writing, and from the lights before me, that Republicanism would sweep New England to-day on the unreal war issue of 1868. The Ku-Klux investigation in Washington, is helping the Republican cause. The positive falsehood of one scamp to a Ku-Klux outrage carries a weight that a thousand influential and valuable denials, fail to counterbalance. The people read the slanders of some fellow like Chap Norris, and knowing nothing of his antecedents, character or purposes, believe his statement. The belief in the existence of the Ku-Klux as a desperate political organization, is deep-rooted with the people here, the paramount public necessity is to settle the war issues finally at any cost and by any means, and the Radical party is living on the question, and proposes to do so as long as possible; and from the temper and credulity of the home, untraveling masses, I am not prepared to say how long it will not succeed. It is impossible to engage the public attention upon any issue with this apparently unsettled. The Radicals are going to play this card just as long as they can. The Democracy know it, and seeing the strong probabilities of its success, has become desperate and disposed to use any means to puncture this fatal bubble.

Mr. Toombs and Mr. Davis have done much to embarrass the New Departure. The public utterances of these two distinguished gentlemen, have been the most deadly blows that the Departure has received. I simply give you the fact. One rebellious bugle-blast of a fierce secessionist out volumes the peaceful note of the entire Northern Democracy. The Northern conservative Republican---the missionary ground for Democratic proselyting---laughs to scorn the sincerity of the Departure in the echo of Lewis' "I accept nothing" utterance, or the shrill sound of Toombs' war-cry. Every other man in the South might repudiate these expressions, and yet the Northern mind is so disheartened and sensitive that it would not avail. The Radical is using the thing deftly. And it would not be an improbable thing if the Medusa head of the Ku-Klux is the agent that gives to Grant a new term of gifts, and to the people of the South another act of reconstruction tragedy.

I have given you the facts as my observation has disclosed them. I shall write more of this subject, and the results of further inquiry.

A.

☞ The Alabama darkies are holding political meetings at which no white man is allowed to attend. They say that they intend to have their own way this year, and that "the carpet-bagger or scalawag that interrupts them will go 'way with a flea in his ear."

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Counterfeit twenties of the United States National Bank of Washington, are circulating.

R. B. McGee, who was arrested charged with counterfeiting, scaled the Memphis jail, walls and escaped.

The President has returned.

A full Cabinet is here.

Schoelzer, Minister of the German Empire, has presented his credentials.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The steamer Manhattan reports having passed in three fathoms water the wreck of a schooner with bows out of water and spars alongside, a very dangerous wreck, lying in the track of vessels going down and up.

The Sun says the Spanish, under Palanco, were completely defeated by Quesada a few days after landing, with a loss of 250 killed and 500 wounded.

A society of turners of this city, about two thousand strong, sent a request last night to a committee of the Italian Union, stating a wish to join the Italian National procession, on the 25th instant. The request will be carefully considered next Monday night.

Dragging for bodies will be resumed at daylight. Up to noon, there was no result.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, August 1.—The Assembly voted only on the imposts to which there was no opposition.

The tax on raw material, including cotton, has been postponed for future consideration.

ITALY.

ROME, August 1.—The election in the Roman States were apathetic. Two thirds of the voters abstained; the moderate candidates were generally successful.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 1.—The publication of the Turkish newspaper has been stopped by the government in consequence of an attack upon the Pope in its columns.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 1.—The vote of censure was defeated in the House of Lords.

There is a growing uneasiness over the progress of the cholera. It has not yet passed the confines of Russia by the regular route. All possible precautions have been taken to prevent its progress by sea, although some cases have appeared at Hull, which is on the route of immigration from North Germany to America.

The Aldermen met at Guild Hall and granted six months leave of absence to Recorder Gurney to act as commissioner under the Washington Treaty.

Georgia Matters.

Foot race at the Fair Grounds Saturday. ....Barbecue at Hamilton to-day....Business lively, says the Columbus Enquirer.

The Monroe county Fair of last Saturday, says the Griffin Star, is reported a success. ...New paper to be started at Rock Mart, Polk county, Ga.

The Middle Georgian (Griffin) says the protracted meeting in the Presbyterian Church did much good....Surveyors on the new railroad to Madison went to work Saturday.

In the yacht race on Friday, between Eleanor and Black Crook, resulted in favor of the former....Savannah well supplied with tropical fruit, says the Republican.

A new hotel to be erected in Gainesville. ....Improvements still going on, building in every direction....Large number of visitors at Sulphur Springs....Mr. John Elrod dead, aged 75, says the Air Line Eagle.

Macon and Brunswick Railroad money refused...Mrs. Margaret Ellis had one of her arms broke....First street Methodist Church nearly finished....Street railroad to be extended to the Fair Grounds, says the Telegraph and Messenger.

The railroad regatta at Thunderbolt comes off to-day.....Savannah infested with market thieves....Dry dock nearly ready....Dr. J. R. Johnson, of Bryan Neck, had his dwelling burned....Negro child shot....May Forrest declared Victor in the sailboat race, says the Savannah News.

Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, August 1, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business generally quiet this morning. But little demand for corn, and although some sales have been made at 98c, it may be quoted nominally at $1.

COTTON.—Market flat at 17½a18 cents for full style New York middlings.

MONETARY.—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 05; selling 1 09. Exchange on New York buying at par selling at ¼ premium.

BONDS.—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent. 70a75; do. 8 per cent. 80a85. State of Georgia bonds, 6 per cent., 78a80; do. 7 per cent., 90a92; do. 7 per cent., gold, 88a90. State of Tennessee bonds, old, 58a60; do. new 54a56. State of Alabama, 5 int. 68a70; do. 8 int. 98a1 02 State of South Carolina, 6 int. 58a60, new; do 6 int. old, 68a70. Georgia Railroad stock 1 03-1 05; do. bonds 95a1 00. Macon and Western Railroad stock 1 05a1 10. Atlanta and La Grange Railroad bonds 90a95; do. stock 93a96.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½, 4-4, 12½, bleached shirting, 3-4, 7a9½; bleached shirting, 7-8, 11a14½, brown drills, 12; bleached drills, 15½; stripes 12; checks, 14; Montour osnaburgs, 14; Troup, 16; yarns, 1 25a1 40.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Eggs, 16a17; chickens, 15a16; Irish potatoes, new crop 1 00 per bushel; country butter 20c.; Tennessee, 22½a25c. per lb.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ½ kegs $4 00; ¼ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, $ 75; buck, 3 00.

BROOMS.—Atlanta made, "Robson Brand," 3 50a5 00 per dozen.

CORN.—Car-load lots $1 00; small lots $1 00. Wheat $1 65a1 70. Oats 80. Rye 1 00, in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 10.

LARD.—Buckets 14½; cans, 13½; tierces 13½ a13.

DRUGS AND DYES.—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 14. Copperas, 4a4½. Epsom salts, 6½a8. Madder, 22a25. Opium 10 50a13 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, $ 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a30 per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a6 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 3 00a3 25. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gallon, 1 45a1 60.

FLOUR.—Superfine 5 50; extra 7 00a7 50; family 8 00a9 00; fancy 9 50a10 50.

LIVE STOCK.—Cattle on foot 2½a5c; shoats on foot 5½a6c; sheep on foot 2½4c.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 00 a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robison County 1 50a3 50; Cognac Brandy 1 50 a3 00; St. Croix Rum 3 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum 3 00a6 00; Holland Gin 1 50a6 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00; French Brandy 4 50a12 00. Wine—Southland Company's Native Sherry 15 00. White and Red 12 00. Sparkling 20 00 per case.

BULK MEATS.—Clear sides, 9½; clear rib sides, 9½; shoulders, 7½.

BACON.—Clear sides 10½; clear rib sides 10, shoulders 8½.

DRY GOODS.—Allens 10½; Sprague 10½; Pacific 10½; Lancaster 10½; Wamsutta 7½; Amoskeag 8½; Tickings 8a30c; Cottonades 18a35.

HARDWARE.—Swedes iron, 6½8; horse shoe 7a8; round and square, 8a10; City Mills bar, 8c; Pittsburg bar, 8c; nail rod, 10a12; spikes, 7a8. Nails, per keg, 10d to 60d, $4 70; 8d $4 95; 6d $5 20; 4d $5 45; 3d $6 70; 10d to 12d finishing $5 45; 8d $5 70; 6d $5 95, 3d fine $8 50; cut spikes, all sizes, $5 30.

HAY.—Timothy 33 00a35 00; Clover 30 00 a35 00 per ton.

CORN FEED.—Corn Bran 1 10 per 100 lbs. Screenings 1 20 per 100 lbs. Bran 1 30 per 100 lbs. Barley meal 80 cents per bushel of 48 lbs. Stock meal $1 00 per bushel.

BEESWAX AND HIDES.—White cash sole 45a48; Hamilton, pound 32a36; Dingman and Sons' 30; calf skins 50 00a60 00 per dozen; American calf skins 30 00a39 00; Harness leather 40a45c; upper leather 35a45c; lining skins (sheep) 6 00a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6c; dry salted 15c; dry flint 16c.

GROCERIES.—Corn Meal, 1 05. Rice, 10½c, tierces. Soap, 6½a10c. Candles, adamantine, 13½. Tallow 15a16c. Sugars, A. 14½c; Extra C. 14; Yellow C, 13½; Brown 10a12. Rio Coffee 18a21; Java 27. Beeswax, 28a30. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 35. N. O. Syrup, 75a80. Molasses, barrels, 35c. Pepper 25. Race Ginger, 20c. Starch 8c.

LIME AND CEMENT.—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Chewacla 70c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel; James River 4 50a5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 55a60; medium sound 60a75; fine sound 75a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 20½; sales 400 bales.

Flour dull. Wheat quiet. Corn steady. Pork steady; $13 62a13 75. Lard quiet. Turpentine quiet and firm at 57½a58. Rosin quiet at $3a3 50 for strained. Freights strong.

Stocks dull and strong. Gold steady at 12½ a12½. Governments steady and dull. State bonds dull and steady. Tennessee very strong. Money easy at 2a3. Exchange—long 10; short 10½.

CINCINNATI, August 1, 2 P. M.—Cotton dull and drooping; low middlings 18; middlings 19½; small sales. Whisky steady and in fair demand at 93. Flour lower and dull at the decline; superfine $4 25; extra $5 25; family $5 50. Corn quiet but steady; mixed shelled 54. Oats steady with good demand; prime mixed 30a40. Mess Pork steady but quiet; $13 freely offered. Bacon steady but quiet; shoulders 6¾; clear rib sides 8; clear sides 8¼. Hams in moderate consumptive demand and steady; sugar-cured 10. Bulk meats steady and in fair demand; shoulders 5½; clear rib sides 6½; clear sides 8½. Lard neglected and nominal; city kettle rendered 9¾. Wheat dull and drooping; prime red $1 15.

LIVERPOOL, August 1, noon.—Cotton opened quiet; uplands 8½; Orleans 9¼; sales 8,000. Corn 30s 9d. Pork 49s. Beef 85s. Lard 48s.

LONDON, August 1, noon.—Consols 93¾a 93¾. Bonds 93.

FRANKFORT, August 1.—Bonds 96¼a96¾.

A. & R. A. L. Railway Co.

OFFICE OF ATLANTA & RICHMOND AIR-LINE RAILWAY CO., ATLANTA, GA., JULY 26, 1871.

THE PASSENGER AND FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Gainesville for Atlanta daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 A. M., arriving at 10 A. M.

Returning—Leaves Atlanta at 3 P. M., arriving at Gainesville at 6:42 P. M.

Freight, to go forward from Atlanta same day, must be delivered at the Depot by 12 M.

B. Y. SAGE, Engineer and Superintendent.

july26—d10

Narrow Gauge Contracting COMPANY.

WE are now prepared to select and survey routes, prepare estimates of cost, contract for the building of, and to make all necessary purchases for the equipment of

NARROW GAUGE RAILROADS.

For further particulars consult by letter, or otherwise,

BORN, DEARING, CARLTON & CO., Atlanta, Ga., P. O. Box No. 192.

Office—No. 2, Capitol Building, Marietta Street.

may14—d3m

B. F. LEE. J. W. HIGHTOWER.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

Griffin, Georgia,

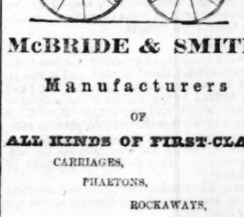
LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS,

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

apr15—d1f



McBRIDE & SMITH,

Manufacturers

OF

ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS

CARRIAGES,

PHAETONS,

ROCKAWAYS,

BUGGIES,

LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, ETC.

THEY keep constantly on hand a large stock of the above named vehicles. Also, a large stock of

HARNESS.

They have in their employ the best and largest number of FIRST-CLASS Mechanics employed by any Carriage Factory South of Louisville or Baltimore, and consequently are prepared to

DEFY COMPETITION

in regard to quality or price.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY EXECUTED.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Give us a trial.

McBRIDE & SMITH, 35 Decatur Street.

june11—d3m

SEWER AND WATER PIPES, Jugs, Jars, etc.

WE are now prepared to make contracts to furnish Sewer and Water Pipes to amount of 1,000 feet per day. Our new Press will turn out any size to 18 inches.

Price—5 to 6¼ cents per inch diameter, per foot.

We also make

Jugs, Jars, etc.,

to order. B. BROWN & CO., Atlanta Ga.

Factory on Green Ferry Avenue, near United States Barracks may9—d3m

THE TRAVELERS'

Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

INSURES AGAINST

ACCIDENTS,

Causing Death or Totally Disabling Injury.

Cash Assets, over.....$1,850,000.

Apply to HENRY R. CHRISTIAN, Agent, july28—d1f Office, Broad and Marietta Streets.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

ON and after this day, July 23d, Schedule No. 11, leaving Atlanta 2:45 P. M., will run every day, Sunday's included.

PALACE SLEEPING CARS ATTACHED.

Only One Change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta, 2:45 P. M., by this Route, arrive in New York at 4:34 P. M., 48 hours 49 minutes from Atlanta. Over Three Hours Quicker Than Any Other Route.

Schedule No. 4 will run Sundays from Dalton, arriving at Atlanta 2:20 P. M.

R. R. WALKER, Master Transportation.

Atlanta, Ga., July 21, 1871.—d1w (Sunday)

SOUTHERN MASONIC FEMALE COLLEGE,

COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

THIS Institution is under the patronage of the Grand Lodge of Georgia. Students find home at an hour's ride from Atlanta. The Fall Term begins the 15th of August, and ends the 15th of December. For circulars, address REV. J. N. BRADDOCK, President.

july25—d2m

Hotels.

McDOWELL HOUSE,
NEWNAN, GA.
W. M. REYNOLDS,
Owner and Proprietor.

TABLE always supplied with the best the market affords. Board as cheap as anywhere in Georgia. june15—1f

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
TALLADEGA, ALABAMA.
Colonel R. ROSS, Proprietor.
feb13—d1f

PLANTERS' HOTEL,
AUGUSTA.....GEORGIA
JOHN A. GOLDTHIN, Proprietor.
Has been re-opened and furnished complete in every department, and is strictly a first class Hotel.
july9-d1y.

TIBBS HOUSE.
J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
DALTON.....GEORGIA
aug1-d1f.

1871. **SIMS HOUSE,** 1871.
BY P. B. HALL.
LAGRANGE.....GEORGIA
jan7—d1f

PYE HOUSE,
NEW HOTEL,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
ED. CALLOWAY, Clerk. W. H. WILSON, Proprietor.
oct26-d1f

SNELLING HOUSE,
GREENESBORO.....GEORGIA
BY MRS. J. A. SNELLING.
MEALS at all hours. Porters will attend the trains regularly. feb13-d1f

BARTOW HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor.
NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters; clean rooms.
aug12-d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,
KINGSTON.....GEORGIA
june13-d1f

NATIONAL HOTEL
J. F. HAYES, Proprietor
Railroad Avenue, near the Depot,
CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE
nov21—d1y

BACON HOUSE,
LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA
JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.
A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sept11-d1f

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA.....GEORGIA
HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for.
june9-d1f FLETCHER & FREYER

CHOICE HOTEL,
Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,
ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.
Situated in the business part of the city.
Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.
dec1-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

HAMMETT HOUSE,
JONESBORO, - - - - - - GEORGIA
THE large and commodious Brick Store House, formerly owned and occupied by Thos. Burns, Esq., has been recently remodelled and refitted for a House of Entertainment, by Mr. Wm. Hammett, late of the old Dougherty House, Newnan, Ga., where he would be pleased to see his numerous friends and the public generally. The very best fare the market affords awaits them. jan15-tf.

RAILROAD EATING HOUSE,
GRANTVILLE.....GEORGIA
THE traveling public over the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, will find a very desirable and well kept HOTEL at the above place, and which cannot be surpassed in point of good living.

Mr. J. G. Trammell, the Proprietor, assisted by his estimable lady, has had an experience of over thirty years in Hotel keeping, and they are determined to spare no pains or expense to give entire satisfaction.
may22-d1f

TENNESSEE HOUSE.
Rome, Ga.
J. A STANSBURY, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel is located within Twenty steps of the Railroad Platform, and convenient to the business portion of town. Servants polite and attentive to their respective duties. All baggage handled free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed.
jan29-d1f

HEARD HOUSE,
LaGrange.....Georgia
BY GEORGE C. HEARD.
THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-d1f

ECKLES HOUSE
AND
LIVERY STABLE,
SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.
Rates of Board:
Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day..... $ 2 00
Per Week.....$8 00 | Per Month..... 30 00
Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9-d1f

CAMP HOUSE,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
MR. J. B. CAMP having withdrawn from the management of the PYE HOUSE, and taken charge of THE PROCTOR HOUSE, would inform his friends and former patrons in all parts of the country, and the traveling public generally, that he is prepared to give ample accommodation and satisfaction to all who may make his Hotel their headquarters. The house has been substantially refitted and improved, and will now compare with the best.

A Stage Line to Indian Springs connects with this House and there is also a livery and sale stable attached. Travelers will find at this house a regular Old Virginia Welcome. J. B. CAMP, Proprietor.
oct30-d1f

PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

THE undersigned has taken charge of the above house and takes this method of informing the traveling public, that the house has been thoroughly renovated, and refitted in every department, and he is determined that his table shall be supplied with all the luxuries the market will afford, that no pains nor money will be spared to render his guests comfortable, pleasant and happy while they remain with him. Competent and polite servants will attend his table, and efficient porter will be in attendance at the arrival of each train of cars. He only asks the traveling public to give him a call to be convinced. When the train arrives, hand your checks to the PYE HOUSE porter. Adjoining the house I will have a Bathing Saloon, hot or cold, at all hours.

WILLIAM SCARBROUGH, Proprietor.
june16-d3m

GLOBE HOTEL,
LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,
HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.
Travelers will find at this House a regular
OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,
And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
june8-d1f W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

KING HOUSE,

STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.,

On the Georgia Railroad, 16 miles from Atlanta.

THE above new and elegant Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and is now open to the public. The house is elegantly fitted up, and every arrangement has been made which can conduce to the comfort of guests. Ac'n

Summer Resort

no place in the South is superior; situated at the foot of Stone Mountain, amongst the most romantic country in the United States, with grand scenery, fine water, including a

MINERAL SPRING,

an analysis of which shows it to possess wonderful healing properties. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests. The table shall be supplied with the very best the market affords. Trains leave Atlanta for Stone Mountain twice every day and return. As a point for Excursion Parties and Pic-Nics, and all along the Georgia Railroad, it offers superior inducements, or as a boarding place for those desiring to be away from the dust and dust of the city, and still be near to business.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per day $2 00; per week 10 00; per month $35 00.

Special rates will be made with families, according to number, and age of children. Address

MRS. A. S. WHITE, Proprietor.
S. T. WHITE, Manager. aprl6—d3m

NOTICE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE GEORGIA R. R., Augusta, Ga., July 11, 1871.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, on and after THIS DATE, Day Passenger Train will be run on the Atlanta Branch, connecting with Regular Night Trains at Union Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

july13—d2m

SHARP & FLOYD,

(SUCCESSORS TO GEORGE SHARP, JR.)

Manufacturing, Merchants, Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Examine Our Large Stock!

Old Sol.—"Here, Mother Earth, these Eclipses and Spots have about used me up. Regulate your movements hereafter by this, and don't depend on me."

All grades of this WATCH you can buy of our house AS LOW AS THEY CAN BE HAD IN THE UNITED STATES, in quantities or single Watch.

Railroad Men, Look to Your Interest.

We keep the largest Stock of Watches this side of New York

WE SELL THEM AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Our Goods Guaranteed Just as Represented, OR NO SALE.

SHARP & FLOYD,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

N. B.—Orders by Mail or otherwise promptly attended to. Price List sent. Satisfaction GUARANTEED IN EVERY INSTANCE.
june6—d3m

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

THREE TIMES A WEEK.

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays.

ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS.

Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston.

Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

The South Carolina Railroad Company,

And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportation for Freight and Passengers not excelled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line:

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MANHATTAN, M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION, R. W. Lockwood, Commander.
CARLESTON, James Berry, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

GEORGIA, S. Crowell, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, T. J. Beckett, Commander.
CLYDE, J. Kennedy, Commander.
ASHLAND, —— Ingram, Commander.
WAGNER, HUGER & CO., WM. A. COURTENAY, Agents, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

VIRGINIA, Alex. Hunter, Commander.
EMPIRE, C. Hinckley, Commander.
SAILING DAYS—THURSDAYS.
WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON, Hainie, Commander.
SEA GULL, Dutton, Commander.
MARYLAND, Johnson, Commanders.
Sailing Days—Every Fifth Day.
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of 1 per cent

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

Can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi. State-Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships in Charleston, or Agents of Railroads at Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Columbus, Montgomery, Selma and Memphis. Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Steamboat.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD, GEORGIA RAILROAD,

And their connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between the Cotton States and the North and East, and the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships, of the Richmond Charleston Line, without extra Charge, have been introduced on the South Carolina Railroad. First-Class Steamboats at Augusta. On the Georgia Railroad First-Class Steamboats at Charleston.

Through passengers will find the Depot of the South Carolina Railroad, Cline street, in close connection made with other roads, delivering freight at shipping points with great promptness. The Managers will use every exertion to satisfy their Patrons that the Line VIA CHARLESTON cannot be surpassed in regard to the safety of goods.

For further information, apply to J. M. SELKIRK, Sup't, Charleston, S. C. R. D. HASELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4975, Office 207 Broadway, N. Y.; E. B. Pickens, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad.

ALFRED L. TYLER,

Vice-President South Carolina Railroad, Charleston, S. C

july1—d3m

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The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1871.

Subscribe to The Constitution.

Parties spending a part or the entire season at the various springs, or other summer resorts through the country, can have THE CONSTITUTION sent to them by addressing a line to this office.

A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

Editorial Letter.

We invite special attention to that portion of this letter which discusses the "New Departure."

M. Thiers.

The Salut, of Paris, the organ of the above named gentleman, says that Thiers has but one ambition, and that is hereafter to be regarded as the "Washington of France."

☞ The Scientific American says it is now impossible to construct a burglar-proof safe, for the thief, with his cylinders of compressed hydrogen and oxygen, can, in a few seconds, burn holes of any size in the hardest metal; his fire-drill enabling him in a few minutes to work his way into the strongest safe that was ever constructed.

Bonded Debt of Virginia.

From the Richmond Enquirer, we learn that the debt of Virginia is "three billion, two hundred and three million, four hundred and twenty-two thousand dollars and ninety-seven cents."

Grant has two more years to serve yet. Can any one be found at that time who can count the increased debt?

Lydia Thompson Troupe.

With a new troupe composed of artistes of great beauty, Lydia Thompson enters upon the next season with an engagement at Wallack's on the 14th of August. The following is a list of the organization; Misses Hetty Tracey, Camille Dubois, Carlotta Garbini, Nellie Bellew, Tilly Earle, Kate Egerton, Kate Heathcote, Lotta Mira, and Mr. Henry Montgomery, comprising the new members of the company, with Mary Beckett, Willie Edouin, and Michael Connolly, re-engaged.

Catalogue of Bowdon College.

We acknowledge the reception of a catalogue of the officers, Alumni and students of the above college, for the year 1870-71. The members of the Faculty are Rev. F. H. M. Henderson, President, and Professor of Greek, Moral Science and Belles Letters; John F. Williams, Professor of Latin; Luus J. Aderhold, Professor of Natural Sciences, and H. M. Evans, Principal of the Preparatory Department. Number of students in attendance, one hundred.

Ben. Butler.

It seems that Butler's Radical friends are not strong enough in Massachusetts to make him Governor. There are some of the Radical party who are exerting themselves to secure his nomination, but not finding them sufficiently numerous, he unites his Radicalism with Temperance, and the probabilities are that he will be an Independent Radical Temperance candidate. Can the people of the old Bay State, swallow down demagogue, tyrant, coward, the hero of the New Orleans, Dutch Gap, Fort Fisher—ah! Beast Butler.

The Radicalism of Ohio.

The principles or platform of the Radical party in Ohio seem difficult to understand. It would take a second Daniel to interpret them, or like the revelations of Mohammed, if they come to-day unpopular, an angel brings a contradiction or an explanation suited to all. The truth is, the Radicals want office, and will pledge themselves unequivocally to-day to something which to-morrow they will violate. For power and for office they are ready to sacrifice everything. The duty of the Democratic party is therefore a plain one, and that is to follow the advice laid down by Burke, where he says: "When bad men combine, the good must associate." The Democracy should unite, then they would meet with success. This would bring prosperity and unity to the country, and honest men to the conduct of our national affairs.

The Richmond Radicals.

The Radical party all over the United States seems to be having a lively time just now on the eve of some of its elections and conventions. The quarrels among factions appear to be growing in magnitude, and refusals to be reconciled are plentiful. Aspirants for power, place and position are numerous, and vacancies are not to be found. From the Richmond papers, we learn that Thursday last the gathering of the Radicals in that city was anything but harmonious or satisfactory. The object of the meeting was to consider the propriety of holding a State Convention on the 6th of September. Orators, both white and black, were present, and a considerable breeze was sprung, which resulted, if not in a breaking up of the meeting, at least in a determination to do nothing, and an adjournment to try it over again on the 15th of August.

Colonel R. W. Hughes, giving expression to that gentleman's contempt for the present organization of the party, and declaring that "many of the leaders were so selfish and mean, as that in effect it was love's labor lost to waste time in an effort to secure victory."

Election in North Carolina.

To-morrow the question will be decided in the above State as to whether there shall be a convention. The Democratic party favor holding one—they believe that various reforms are needed in the State, and that a convention alone can provide for them. If one is called and the government economized by the reduction of salaries, by the decrease of offices, by the abolition of townships, and other useless and extravagant abominations, the people can then support their families, and pay their taxes; and returning prosperity will bless the State. If these reforms are brought about, the carpet-bagger's occupation is gone. The government at Washington has done all it can to prevent a convention, to forward Radicalism with its miasma in the State. To aid in paralyzing the cause of freedom in Carolina, and to do the dirty work of Grant, the office of Attorney General has been degraded, and Akerman has been an itinerant cross-roads stump speaker in the State, aiding to arouse and inflame the passions and prejudices of bad white and ignorant colored men, riot, murder, disorder, and bloodshed have followed the footsteps of Grant's emissaries in North Carolina. We anxiously await the result of the election.

Horace Greeley.

In speaking of the earthquakes and eruptions of the Philippine Islands; of the disastrous floods in Australia; the destructive typhoons along the Japan equatorial current, and the ominous shaking of the ground at various points between San Francisco and our North Atlantic seabord, the New York Herald judges that they all result from atmospheric causes. This paper thinks that these extraordinary phenomena in the physical world, including the moon in conjunction, exerts a powerful influence over the minds as well as over the bodies of men. Thinks that men who hitherto have been regarded as mild and peaceful, have undergone a change and have become pugnacous and aggressive. The Herald cites the case of Horace Greeley. "The venerable Horace Greeley, by instinct was a meek and lowly vegetarian, and what is he now? He has come back from Texas armed to the teeth, aching for a fight, a thorough believer in Jeff Davis, the Ku-Klux Klans and the carpet-baggers, and a real bellicose bushwhacker, rampant in reference to General Grant, Senator Conkling and Collector Murphy. Once upon a time our now new transmogrified philosopher, held a loaf of bran bread and a bowl of Westchester buttermilk to be a dinner fit for a king. Now one would think that he had traveled a year or two with the King of Dahomeny, who eats his negroes, or with the fiery Toombs, of Georgia, and that he had been initiated into the Ku-Klux brotherhood, and that he lunches on tiger steaks and apple-jack seasoned with gunpowder, so terribly rampageous do we find our hitherto mild milk and water philosopher.

General Grant.

The chances of General Grant for a renomination diminishes every day. Governor Brown, of Missouri, who was elected by a majority of 20,000, in spite of every influence the administration could command, emphatically declines to support the President and pronounces "his administration a failure, and his nepotism a national disgrace." Gov. Brown represents the Republicanism of Carl Schurz and of the West. The opinion of such men have great weight and influence.

The Democratic party stands upon the confines of supremacy in the Government, as we believe. That is, if in its ranks there is complete unanimity as to men and measures. Radicalism has an army, treasury patronage, and unlimited resources to use, and this makes the contest a perilous and unequal one. Money, force bills, and corruption funds are hard to contend against. Yet if the Democratic party can only but realize as it should, the necessity of union, the value of discretion, and resolve to redeem the country to honester and wiser statesmanship, they would have much to cheer and encourage them now, and could safely count upon victory at the election in 1872.

General News Items.

Kansas City has had a $75,000 fire.

A New York man has a $1,450 violin.

Kansas City is to have three more horse railroads.

Florida produces tomatoes weighing two pounds each.

McMahon's elevator at Jefferson, Wisconsin, has been burned. Loss $25,000.

In the United States there are about 275 bill posters.

New York city is to have a daily religious paper.

Ninety-four stone buildings are in process of erection in Houston, Texas.

Bedford county, Virginia, is successfully cultivating green tea.

Newark, New Jersey, uses a worn out canal boat for a cattle pound.

The Cincinnati cotton trade amounts to five millions a year.

Dighton, Massachusetts, shipped 75,000 quarts of strawberries this season.

Single house lots sell at Newport for $30,000 and $40,000.

The entire cost of the Troy water works is about a half million of dollars.

Philadelphia has twice as many physicians as clergymen.

New York has 37 steam fire engines and 13 hook and ladder trucks.

General Robert Toombs and Jubal Early, are at the Alleghany Springs.

Tuskaloosa, Alabama, now has a National Bank with a capital of $50,000.

New York city has 30,000 tenement houses, in which 500,000 people live.

A merchant at Bangor, Maine, has shipped 71,000 bushels of potatoes this season.

A New Haven minister receives $25,000 salary; another $35,000.

The wheat crop in East Tennessee, is almost a failure.

The railroad between Houston and Columbus Texas, has been sold for one hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

A company has been organized for distilling grapes at Dayton, Ohio, with a capital of $100,000.

Minneapolis, Minnesota, is trying to raise $100,000 to keep the Falls of St. Anthony from being washed away.

One day last week a car load of 2,600 chickens was shipped from Bristol, Virginia, to New York.

Wake county, North Carolina, has the largest population of any county in the State—35,610.

The building in Boston in which the International Musical Festival is to be held next June will cover eight acres of ground.

A couple of New York men are erecting a hennery of one thousand foul power near Aurora, Illinois. They say that there is more money in hens than in cattle or wheat.

Political Items.

The Democrats of Boston are to have a new two cent daily paper.

The Radicals of Louisiana and Arkansas seem to be exerting themselves to split their party into fragments.

The Republican State Convention, of Mississippi, meets at Jackson, August 30th; and that of Louisiana at New Orleans, august 3rd.

The Custom house clerks at New York to the amount of thirty, were engaged on the 29th in mailing 300,000 campaign documents throughout this country and Europe.

The Louisiana State Republican (Radical) says: "When Massachusetts elects such a man as General Butler, Governor, she will offend the moral sense of mankind.

Foreign Items.

Germany is overwhelmed with books on every possible feature of the late war.

London has a greater population than the twelve largest cities in the United States combined.

The London Times thinks that the American authorities ought to prohibit all Irish political processions with equal impartiality.

Some of the Nova Scotia and New Brunswick papers talk strongly in favor of annexation to the United States.

France is purchasing 40,000 horses in Austria, to replace the stock lost in the war.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin has issued 2000 invitations, for a ball to be given in honor of the Prince of Wales.

The Late Edmund Rhett, Jr.

The community were saddened on Saturday last, by the announcement of the death of this well known and talented Charlestonian. For many years he was associated in the editorial management of the Mercury. His contributions to that great political journal, were marked by great vigor of style. One that is fresh in our memory, published in the spring of 1861, upon the occasion of the killing of Jackson, at Alexandria, Virginia, for hoisting a Confederate flag in the presence of United States troops, then preparing to invade Virginia, was universally copied, and commented on as a brilliant article.—*Charleston News.*

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Address of the Hon. B. H. Hill Before the Alumni of the University.

At the hour of 11 A. M., yesterday, Hon. B. H. Hill delivered an address at the college chapel before the Alumni of the University. He commenced by saying, I congratulate you on this assemblage to-day. I congratulate our dear but unfortunate old State. I congratulate you on the work that we will this day inaugurate. There are representatives here in all the professions and departments of life. All sufferers, yet all will show the future glories of our country which will be the peer of any in this progressive world in science, letters, and art. We have the element, whether we look to war or to peace. The present is far in advance of any preceding age. If we stand still, we will be overwhelmed; the world must be up and doing. The question is not what a nation has been, but what she shall be permitted to be. In 1787, when the State by their delegates were engaged for the common Union, wise men predicted that the Southern States would excel in wealth and power. These opinions were predicated upon the favorable soil and climate and productions of the country. These hopeful anticipations have not been realized. Mines in other countries have been developed, while the rich and abundant ores and mineral wealth of our Southern land, have been undisturbed by the hand of enterprise. The sales of the crafts of other nations whiten the seas, whilst our magnificent harbors are destitute of the ships that bring commercial thrift to other more enterprising countries.

Why this failure? Charge it not upon the Almighty, for he has done for no people as he has for us. Other States have advanced in wealth, population, and power, the lands of which were not more fertile than ours—the fault is in man. The causes of the failure is due to slaves and negro slaves. The Southern States have been outstriped. They have made no progress in government or law. How much have they contributed towards the development of the sciences—for instance, for the discovery of the wonderful application of electricity in the transmission of intelligence, nothing is due the South, it was a Northern invention. And where comes the engineers and machinists that construct and put in motion all the products of the mechanic arts: are they not from abroad? In the Southern States, it was a penal offense to educate the slave, and yet there was no greater curse than to keep cheap laborers by keeping them in ignorance, for thus labor became degraded to the laborer, and the whites that engaged in manual pursuits, were assigned a position half way between the whites and the negro.

Another result of this system was that the educated sought the learned professions. Even the business of teachers consigned its followers to a class of laborers, and labor was considered the badge of a slave, and idleness the badge of case.

What real progress have we made in the science of government—where are our Bacons and Blackstones, and even Burkes, our Storys, Bancrofts and Noah Websters. Where do we find our trophies? What have we done even in agriculture.

Why has God filled the earth with iron and coal, if he did not intend us for a mechanical people? Why did he confer upon us such water power and construct such splendid harbors, if he did not design that we should be a commercial people. If we do not avail ourselves of the advantage of these indications, others will come and cast their lots among us and enjoy the advantages that we have ignored. So deficient were we in manual labor, that during our late struggle with the Northern States, that we had to levy upon our enemies even for the clothing to hide the nakedness of our troops, and that the camps of our adversaries were often captured, not so much for the sake of victory as to secure their arms. They threw away their inferior weapons, and fought with the improved Yankee arms. If our people had been as skilled in the manufacture of the implements of warfare as those they had to confront, they would have been invincible by any force.

We were not deficient in the courage and qualifications of our Generals—not wanting in cultivated intellect and capacity—but we were deficient in educated labor. We failed as a people, because we leaned upon the negro; every thing was in bondage to him, and whether by fate or folly 'tis loosed, and thank God for it. We must establish schools of science and educate our children. Others will come in and supplant us, and we shall perish truly from slavery. Our own sons must be taught to build and operate all machinery. We must build up schools of science. Our duty towards the negro is plain—we must educate and elevate him.

We must have educated labor, acquire a knowledge of mining operations, and skill in the manipulation of all metals, in the creation of all cunning devices in wood, and the prosecution of every art that will tend to contribute to the material interests of the country, or to develop its wonderful resources. Our children must take the lead and point the way. Georgia, to the extent of its coal and iron and other metals, exceeds Pennsylvania. We have ourselves fixed the social brand on labor. This process carries with it the elements of its own destruction. It cannot continue; foreign laborers will be introduced, and they will operate our mines, and secure the timbers in our magnificent forests. And then the ores will leap from their beds, and the water falls will turn the busy spindle of the factory. They who work these results will govern in the country, and will fix the character of our country. The highest and holiest duty is to build up this University; it is our Ararat; constitute universal scholarship for experts; make tuition in every department in the University free; tear down the toll gates; let every son realize that he has a patrimony in the University of Georgia. There is nothing so costly as ignorance and nothing so cheap as knowledge. Power is leaving thrones and taking up its abode in the intelligence of the people; all resides in the intelligence of the people. Cambridge and Oxford illustrate this. Two millions per annum appropriated to foster these famous Universities serves to give intelligent direction to thought and action in that small but powerful kingdom. The marvelous victories achieved by the Prussians at Sedan, Metz and other memorable fields on French soil, attest the wisdom of Prussia in providing for the general culture of her subjects, not only in the liberal arts, but to become experts in all departments of mechanism and skilled labor. Massachusetts has endowed her Universities with a sum exceeding two millions dollars; Connecticut one million dollars, and New York four millions of dollars, whilst the University of Georgia has existed three quarters of a century, and has been the recipient of $20,000 from a single citizen of Georgia.

The speaker urged with much earnestness the importance of the views presented in his able address, and has entered upon a "New Departure," in our system of education. This very brief synopsis furnishes but an imperfect idea of the thoughts and arguments offered in support of the speaker's views. [The length of this letter precludes our publishing it in full this morning, the remainder will appear in our evening issue.]

ATLANTA, GA., July 27, 1871.

To the Corporators of the various projected, but unorganized Railways in Georgia:

GENTLEMEN—Our last Legislature, and the preceding one, chartered thirty-two Railways, to whom they granted liberal aid, by obligating the State to indorse their bonds, upon certain conditions.

The large number of charters granted, with the very liberal aid guaranteed, is conclusive evidence of the deep interest and determination of the people to avail themselves of every means within their power to provide Railway facilities for those sections now without them.

Unquestionably, Railways are an absolute necessity to the different sections of the State in which the several charters are located. The want of Railway facilities is rapidly depopulating them. The more intelligent and enterprising portion of their citizens are emigrating to sections where they can have the combined advantages of the railway and telegraph.

The commerce of the world moves by steam, stimulated by lightning. A community possessed of these elements of power moves, has a being, is alive to, and is in a position to take advantage of the numerous improvements of the age. Without them, a people are out of the world, and "advance backward." Who can blame their citizens for moving into the charmed circle, and therby placing themselves upon an equality with the more favored?

With but few exceptions, the corporators of these proposed railways have thus far been unable to organize their companies.

In view of these facts, it has been suggested that a convention of the corporators of the several unorganized railways in Georgia, be held in Atlanta, August 16th, for the purpose of consultation, and the devising of some plan by which these important enterprises may be inaugurated, with a prospect of ultimate success. A full attendance is respectfully and earnestly requested.

E. HOLBERT.

[Georgia newspapers are requested to copy, and we hope they will. The proposed convention could scarcely have other than beneficial results.—CONSTITUTION.]

DECISIONS

—OF THE—

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, August 1, 1871.

[REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

Seymour, Johnson & Co., vs. John M. Cobb. Complaint, from Sumter.

WARNER, J.

Where a suit was instituted by the plaintiffs against the defendants on an account, alleging that the defendants were partners, and in the progress of the trial, evidence was introduced for and against the existence of the partnership without objection, and on the argument of the case before the jury, the point was made, that no plea had been filed denying the partnership, whereupon the Court allowed the defendant, at that stage of the case, to file his plea under oath, denying the partnership. The counsel for plaintiffs claimed a continuance of the case, on the ground of surprise, which was overruled by the court. The plaintiffs then offered to introduce witnesses, then in court, to deny the truth of defendants plea, and to prove the existence of the partnership as alleged in their declaration, which the court refused to allow them to do, whereupon the plaintiffs excepted, and also excepted to the admission in evidence of a written argument to submit certain matters in controversy between the parties to arbitration.

HELD, That the plaintiffs had the legal right to have requested the court to charge the jury, that if the defendants were sued as partners, the partnership need not be proved, unless denied by the defendant on oath, when no such plea denying the partnership on oath had been filed; that when the court allowed that plea to be filed by the defendant it materially altered and changed the legal *status* of the case before the court and jury so far as the defendant's liability as partner was concerned, and if the plaintiffs were not, in the discretion of the court, entitled to a continuance on the ground of surprise, they certainly were entitled to introduce evidence then in court to controvert the defendant's plea, which evidence was not necessary to be introduced to entitle the plaintiffs to recover against the alleged partnership, until the plea was allowed to be filed by the court.

HELD FURTHER, That the written agreement to submit certain matters in controversy between the parties, without more, was irrelevant and improperly admitted as evidence to the jury.

Judgment reversed.

Wm. H. Morgan vs. James P. West, et al. Complaint, non suit, from Sumpter.

WARNER, J.

This was an action instituted on an administrators bond, against the principals and their security in the name of the Ordinary for the use of the plaintiffs. The defendants demurred to the declaration, and the court sustained the demurrer on the ground that a suit on the bond could not be maintained thereon until a suit had first been brought against the administrators, judgment obtained against them, and a return of *nulla bona*. The plaintiffs made a motion to amend their declaration which was annulled by the court, to which the plaintiffs excepted:

HELD, That under the 2468th section of the Code, a suit may be brought on the administrators' bond without first obtaining a judgment against the administrators for a *devastavit* by them, and a return of *nulla bona*.

HELD ALSO, That the plaintiff could have amended his declaration so as to require the defendants to account for the estate of Walker, which came into their hands as his administrators, and for so much of the estate of the Jackson children which came into their hands as the administrators of Walker's estate, if any, but only to that extent that the defendants were not liable on their bond for *the waste* committed by Walker, as the guardian of the Jackson children in his lifetime, unless their propery so wasted by him or some part thereof, came into the hands of the administrators as a part of Walker's estate. The administrators of Walker, and their security, are liable on their bond to account to the plaintiffs for the amount of their estate which came into their hands as part of Walker's estate, if any, and no more. The liability of the defendants on their bond as the administrators of Walker, and the liability of Walker as the guardian of the Jackson children, are two distinct causes of action which cannot be joined in a suit on the administrators' bond for an account of the estate of Walker, which came into their hands as administrators on his estate. The administrators of Walker are liable for any debt due by the intestate at the time of his death, to the extent of the assets of his estate, which came into their hands as his administrators, in a suit on their bond, for the waste thereof by them as such administrators.

Judgment reversed.

Hawkins & Burke, and N. A. Smith, for plaintiff.

C. T. Goode and Phil. Cook for defendant.

Martha F. Turner vs. Penelope Barfield. New trial from Sumpter.

WARNER, J.

Where a warrant was sued out by the plaintiff to remove the defendant from her land as an intruder, the defendant filed a counter affidavit, and on the trial of the case in the Superior Court, the plaintiff proved that Ambrose Barfield purchased the land in 1859, and took a bond for title thereto, and built a house on it when Ambrose Barfield went to the war in 1863 he gave John Barfield's wife permission to occupy the house as long as she pleased, but she did not occupy it, and it remained unoccupied about a year, when Rushin Barfield's wife went into possession of it, by permission of Mrs. John Barfield, the defendant being without a home, Mrs. Rushin Barfield, from sympathy, allowed her to come into the house, and occupy it with her until sometime in 1865, when Mrs. Rushin Barfield moved out, and left the defendant remaining in it. The defendant introduced no evidence—the jury found a verdict for the plaintiff, and the court below granted a new trial, to which the plaintiff excepted.

HELD, That the court below erred in granting a new trial in this case, on the ground that there is no evidence in the record that the defendant claimed under any *legal right* to the possession of the land.

Judgment reversed.

Hawkins and Guerry for plaintiff. No appearance for defendant.

James W. Wilkinson, Ordinary, vs. Clement A. Cheatham. Mandamus, from Lee.

WARNER, J.

In 1856 the General Assembly passed an act providing for the removal of the county site of Lee county, from the town of Webster to Starksville, and also provided in said act for the appointment of three commissioners to assess the damages sustained by the owners of town lots in the town of Webster, and as soon as convenient thereafter, to give to such owners certificates of such assessment of damages for loss sustained in consequence of such removal of the county site, and that said certificates having an endorsement of the amount due by a majority of the justices of inferior court, shall be paid by the treasurer of the county out of the removal fund of said county, created by the act, and authorized the inferior court of Lee county to levy a tax not exceeding fifty per cent. per annum on the State tax, to constitute a removal fund for the payment of said certificates. On the 31st of December, 1869, Cheatham obtained a mandamus nisi from the Judge of the Superior Court requiring the Ordinary of Lee county to show cause why he should not proceed to levy, and have collected, a tax sufficient to pay two certificates held by the petitioner amounting to five hundred and twenty-six dollars, besides interest due thereon. The mandamus nisi was filed in the clerk's office 9th February 1870. On the trial of the case in the court below, the petitioner exhibited in evidence two certificates, specifying in the face thereof the amount due for the damages sustained by the parties named therein, in consequence of the removal of the town of Webster under the act of the General Assembly, which were signed by the commissioners, and on the back of each certificate the names of three justices of the Inferior Court were indorsed in their official capacity. One of the certificates was issued to the petitioner for damages done to his property, the other was issued to Watterer for damages done to his property, which latter certificate had been assigned and transferred by Watterer to the petitioner. On the final hearing of the case in the court below, the *mandamus nisi* was made absolute, and the Ordinary was ordered to levy and collect a tax sufficient to satisfy the petitioners demand: Whereupon, the counsel for the Ordinary excepted on various grounds, as set forth in the record:

HELD, That the act of the General Assembly authorizing the tax to be levied, and collected, was a constitutional and valid act.

HELD, ALSO, That mandamus was the proper remedy for the enforcement of a right accruing to the petitioner under a statute of the State, which was not barred by the statute of limitations, until after the expiration of twenty years from the time of the assessment of the damages by the Commissioners under the act.

HELD FURTHER, That the official signatures of a majority of the Justices of the Inferior court on the back of the Commissioners' certificates, without more, was a sufficient indorsement by them of the amount due as specified therein, according to the true intent and meaning of the act.

HELD, ALSO, That the assignment and transfer of the certificate by Watterer to the petitioner vested the right and title thereto in him as his assignee, and he was entitled to be paid the amount due thereon, as well as the interest due on both certificates.

Judgment affirmed.

Lyon, DeGraffenreid & Irvin, George W. Warwick, for plaintiff.

C. B. Wooten, for defendant.

Perry H. Oliver vs. Shipley Bourn & Co. Motion to set aside judgment, from Sumter.

WARNER, J.

Where the plaintiffs' attorney asked leave of the court to take a judgment in an action brought on an open account against the defendant, saying there was no plea filed, the court replied, he could take his judgment at his own risk, that if there was a plea filed, the judgment would be set aside, whereupon the judgment was signed by the presiding Judge, the defendant being in the court inside of the bar, where the plaintiffs' counsel was preparing to take the judgment, and part of the time in consultation with him. On the next day, the defendant by his counsel made a motion to set the judgment aside, on the ground that he had *then* filed the plea of payment to the action, after the judgment had been signed, but did not state *when* or *how* the payment had been made. The court refused the motion to set aside the judgment, and the defendant excepted,

HELD, That under the statement of facts disclosed by the record, there was no error in the court below in refusing the motion to set aside the judgment.

Judgment affirmed.

Hawkins & Burke, and N. A. Smith, for plaintiff.

C. T. Goode, for defendant.

Emanuel Murray vs. The State. Arson, from Lee.

McCAY, J.

Where in a trial for arson in burning a gin-house, there was proof that the prisoner had confessed his guilt, saying that he had "put fire to it at one o'clock at night," and there was no corroborating circumstance proven, except that the house was consumed by fire about the hour of one o'clock at night, and that the prisoner was resident about a mile from the spot:

HELD, That under section 3739 of the Revised Code, which provides that a confession alone, uncorroborated by other evidence, will not justify a conviction, this evidence is insufficient to sustain a verdict of guilty.

Judgment reversed.

Vason & Davis, George W. Warwick, Pope & Brown, for plaintiff.

Hawkins & Burke, Phil Cook, B. P. Hollis, for defendant.

Daniel Miller vs. Peter D. Albritton. Illegality, from Webster.

McCAY, J.

When a judgment was had in the Superior Court in September, 1868, on a promissory note purporting to be "for value received," and an illegality was filed in 1870, setting up that the consideration of the note was the lien of slaves:

HELD, That this ought to have been pleaded in the trial, and the illegality was properly overruled.

J. L. Wimberly, S. H. Hawkins, for plaintiff.

C. B. Wooten for defendant.

Randall Duckworth vs. Joseph Duckworth. *Certiorari*, from Sumter.

McCAY, J.

When on the trial of a possessary warrant, the property was awarded by the Magistrate to the plaintiff, on his giving the bond required by law, and sometime after the judgment the Magistrate made a written order reciting that, the plaintiff had failed to give the bond and that the defendant having given bond, the property be restored to him, which was accordingly done:

HELD, That it was not competent, for the Magistrate on his being informed, that the failure of the plaintiff to give the bond was from want of opportunity to direct the Sheriff to retake the property, receive the plaintiff's bond, and turn the property over to him, especially as this direction was by parol and without notice to defendant.

Judgment reversed.

Hawkins & Guerry, for plaintiff.

J. A. Ansley, W. A. Hawkins, for defendant.

John Outlaw vs. N. G. Christy. *Certiorari* from Lee.

McCAY, J.

Sections 3581 and 3982 of the Code, requiring petitions for *certiorari* to be verified by oath, and that bond shall be given for future costs, and for the grant, not condemnation money, are not superceeded by the Constitution of 1868, requiring *certioraris* to issue only on the sanction of the Judge.

Judgment affirmed.

Geo. Warwick, F. H. West, Vason & Davis, for plaintiff.

C. B. Wooten, for defendant.

Wm. Sirrine, administrator, etc., et al., vs. Southwestern Railroad Company. Action on bond, from Sumter.

McCAY, J.

Where a suit was brought on the bond of a railroad official, dated in 1857, and it was alleged in the declaration that the bond had been broken by the failure of the official to account before and up to the time of his death, which it was alleged took place in 1868, and on the calling of the case, the defendant moved to dismiss the case because the affidavit was not filed as to the payment of the taxes:

HELD, That it did not appear that the debt sued on was contracted or implied before the 1st of June, 1865.

2. When a case has gone to the jury, and the evidence has been fully heard, a demurrer to the declaration on the ground that the course of action is defectively set forth, comes too late, under such circumstances a demurrer must be for a cause that would be good in arrest of judgment.

Judgment affirmed.

Hawkins & Burke, for plaintiff.

N. A. Smith, for defendant.

John Doe, ex dem; F. K. Wright vs. R. Roe, Cas., ejectment. N. A. Smith Fin. Poss. Ejectment from Sumter.

McCAY, J.

Where A made a deed to B of a parcel of land, which was recorded in the proper office, but not within twelve months, and after the record, A made subsequent deed to C of the same land; C having no actual notice of the first deed, and C went into possession, and continued in possession more than seven years.

HELD, That the record of the deed to B, is not such evidence, that the subsequent deed to C, was fraudulent, as to defeat C's title by proscription.

O. T. Goode for plaintiff. W. A. Hawkins for defendant.

Telegraphy in Chinese Characters.

Mr. Viguier, the harbor master of Shanghae, has invented an ingenious method for the transmission of telegraphic messages in Chinese characters. The China Mail describes the apparatus as consisting of several thousands of wooden blocks having on the one end a Chinese character, the blocks are arranged systematically in cases, so as to be readily found, and with the Chinese character on the end of each showing upwards. To transmit a message in Chinese the proceeding is as follows: A native assistant, appointed for the purpose, takes from the case the blocks with the Chinese characters as written in the message tendered for transmission, and, placing them in proper order, takes an impression of the number ends; these numbers are then telegraphed to the desired destination. At the receiving station are cases of wooden blocks arranged in an oppositie manner to those at the forwarding station—*i. e.*, with the Chinese characters cut into the one end and the other end having a number on it showing upwards. On receipt of the telegram the blocks bearing the numbers telegraphed are selected, and with the type end of these the message is printed off in Chinese. The European signaller of course has not the remotest idea of the sense or purpose of the message; but from the system adopted correctness in transmission is secured.—*Shanghae News Letter.*

FIJI COTTON.—It is said that Levuka, one of the Fiji Islands, exports 9,000 bales of sea island cotton per annum. The occupants of the island are 1,400 English, 40 Americans and as many of the "savage islanders" from other members of the group as the planters can capture and keep at work. At the "seat royal of this famous isle" they publish a newspaper entitled the Fiji Times. It costs but little to live where fruit and fish are abundant, and where the silken bark of a tree makes as much clothing as the climate requires.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Miss Phebe Carey, sister of Alice, is dead.

Felix R. Brunat has been appointed Indian Commissioner vice Parker, resigned.

The Cabinet session to-day was attended by all the members except Cresswell, who was represented by one of the Assistant Postmaster Generals. The consultation took a wide range, and many important subjects considered, besides which a large amount of the regular routine of business, which had accumulated heavily since last session, was disposed of. The Pleasanton-Boutwell imbroglio was a topic of consideration, but the discussions were not characterized by any difference on the point of adjusting the difficulties by supporting the Secretary of the Treasury. It may, therefore, be considered certain that Pleasanton will be removed, and it is more than probable that Deputy Commissioner Douglass will succeed him.

The question of appointing an arbitrator under the Washington treaty was a feature of to-days consultation, and without positive official indorsement it can be stated that in all probability Charles Francis Adams, will be designated to that office by the Secretary of State.

The debt statement shows a reduction of eight million two hundred thousand dollars in coin; balance eighty-three millions; currency eight millions. During July the amount of national bank currency issued was one million seven hundred and eighty thousand dollars. Under the law the same amount of three per cent. must be retired.

Mr. Von Schlozer, the new German Minister, was presented to-day and the customary speeches made in accepting credentials. The President said:

In addition to ties arising from an extensive commercial intercourse, and from the mutual interest which in common bind the United States to Germany, there is a further bond between them from the circumstance that many of our best citizens are natives of your country.

Mr. Westenberg, from the King of the Netherlands, was also presented.

The President appointed several postmasters at unimportant stations.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 1.—United States Commissioners Belknap and Lowe have been busily engaged all day making arrangements for a thorough investigation into the cause which led to the explosion of the Westfield. They are determined to make a full and searching inquiry, and elicit such facts as will disclose where the negligence and culpability existed. For this purpose numerous witnesses have been summoned to testify in the case, and the probability is the investigation will commence to-morrow before the Commissioners.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, August 1.—A severe storm passed over Haverhill. Four barnes were struck by lightning, one of which was burned, with several valuable horses.

The mail steamer Delta, from Bermuda, reports a fire at Point-a-Pire, Guadaloupe, destroying nearly the whole town. Thirty thousand people are without shelter. The sugar ready for shipping was destroyed. The town was rebuilt entirely of wood after its destruction by an earthquake in 1843. It is supposed to be incendiary.

VIRGINIA.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, August, 1. The eleventh annual session of the American Dental Association convened here this morning, pursuant to adjournment. Dr. W. H. Morgan, of Nashville Tennessee, presided. Forty-five members were present, and large accessions are expected by to-night's train.

The Association agreed to hold a morning and evening session, and without transacting any important business, adjourned till 3 o'clock P. M.

Among the arrivals last night were Ex-Secretary of the Interior, Jacob Thompsons family.

In the morning session of the Dental Association, Dr. Judd read a paper on Dental Physiology, which was discussed at length by Drs. Atkinson, Taft and others. It went over to the evening session.

The various standing committees were then appointed.

At 6 o'clock the Association adjourned till 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The Association will be in session several days.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 1.—The Duke of Buccleench, is very ill, and will not be able to preside at the celebration of the Centenary of Sir Walter Scott.

Prince Arthur's pension for £15,000 per annum having passed both houses, has received the Royal assent.

There is but one cholera case at Hull. Steps have been taken to localize the disease.

Marshal Bazaine was in London this morning.

Mornington won the Brighton stakes; Stockurse, 2d; Gertrude, 3d.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 1.—Cholera has appeared in South France. Measures will be taken to prevent its spread, if possible.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The Patriot publishes an authorize report of the evidence taken by the Sub Ku-Klux Committee, furnished by Hon. Van Trump. The statement published in the Star is pronounced untrue in many essentials, and facts have been perverted in others with a view of producing false and partisan impressions. The testimony shows that there are four counties, viz: Laurens, Chester, York and Spartanburg, where acts of violence have been committed on both sides. The white and black are nearly equally divided in population and the carpet-bag rule by which the negro is forcibly put over the white man, has produced a bad and even dangerous state of feeling. The poor whites are mostly aggrieved by an oppression which is intended to make them the inferiors of the recent slaves, who are steeped in ignorance and vice. Everything has been done to aggravate the laboring whites, and to outrage the social condition of their families. It is in proof that negroes disguised as Ku-Klux committed many outrages. The testimony given by negroes was of the lowest kind, and utterly unworthy of belief. Many were attracted by the per diem of two dollars per day.

The statement concludes: There is no political feeling of any kind in the unfortunate disturbances which have occurred in these few counties of South Carolina. They result from maladministration, corruption, robbery, carpet-bagism, and especially among the poor laboring whites from a wicked purpose on the part of the authorities and legislatures to assert black supremacy and degrade them with negro rule. That is with them, perhaps, the real and most serious difficulty. It is a question of race, which as South Carolina is now administered and sustained by Federal power, threatens the greatest consequences.

The white mechanic and laborer, when he finds the worst crimes protected and pardoned, the law an engine of persecution, and political power abused in order to oppress him with negro dominations and to outrage his wife and children, will resist, be the sacrifice what it may. He may be uneducated and plain, but he is still an American and proud of his race.

VERMONT.

BURLINGTON, August 1.—The corporation of the Vermont University voted to admit women.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

SIDNEY, July 1.—The steamship Adelaide, the first of the mail ships, left with a full freight, including wool, for California.

A rich tin mine has been discovered.

Three of the crew of the ship Stormbird have been killed by the natives.

At New Hebrides several earthquakes have occurred within a month.

Heavy shipments of coal are made for California.

Fresh pearl shell beds have been discovered in Australia.

APPRECIATION OF A SOUTH CAROLINA ARTIST.—We learn that Mr. Albert Guerry has been invited to "Liberty Hall" to paint a full length portrait of the distinguished owner, Hon. Alex. H. Stephens. We record this very gratifactory, as it may be deemed a pleasant token of recognition of Mr. Guerry's merits as a rising artist. Mr. Stephens' reputation as a patriot and statesman is so high that a work of art, which does him justice, would surely excite no little interest among his friends and countrymen.—*Charleston News.*

Popular Church Names.

"Burleigh" writes to the Boston Journal: "The popular names assigned to popular churches are very curious. There is an accuracy and wit about it that makes even the dry Boston laugh. Plymouth church is called simply 'Beecher's;' Dr. Starr's church, owing to

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1871.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—On next Saturday, the entire stock of furniture of W. K. Fox will be sold in front of DeGive's Opera House, at Mayson's Live Auction House, by Captain J. H. Barrett. A splendid chance for bargains

Dr. E. J. Roach has an eleven room residence on Whitehall street, and a store near by, for rent.

Judge D. C. Minor, Ordinary of Fayette county, gives an estray notice.

Mr. J. Foss will start for Sweden on the 20th inst., to return about the 5th of December. He goes now to procure Swedish laborers for Georgia. Dr. W. H. White, in Grant's building, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, will give information and receive orders.

J. T. McEwen applies to Judge W. W. Hindman, Ordinary of Douglass county, for exemption of realty and setting apart of homestead.

Frank Quoin, auctioneer, will sell on Tuesdays and Fridays, at Seago's corner, at 9 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock p. m., room sets, wardrobes, bureaus, bedding, chairs etc., some of the effects belonging to the outfit of the National Hotel under Pond.

WEEKLY HUMORIST.—The Weekly Humorist is brim full of fun and rollicking humor, and is a success.

STAMPS.—During the month of July Orion Dozier, Stamp Clerk, sold at his news stand at the Postoffice $3,098 57 worth of postage stamps.

LOOK AT THIS.—Dr. E. J. Roach has a commodious and comfortable residence on Whitehall street, and a store-room near by for rent.

MOTIVE POWER.—John H. James, Vice President of the Georgia Western Railroad, yesterday, purchased four mules for $950.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.—A party of ladies and gentlemen, we learn, will go to-night to Stone Mountain on a moonlight excursion. A dance at the King House is on the programme.

ICE.—We acknowledge the reception yesterday, of three blocks of ice from the Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company. The ice was clear, cool and delicious. It melts slowly, and the water is perfectly pure.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Among other improvements at Stone Mountain, we notice a cosy and substantial residence, nearly finished, of H. P. Guest, Esq.

O. Winningham, Esq., has enlarged and improved his cottage residence.

COMMITTED.—Justice W. M. Butt yesterday committed to jail a reputed white man named W. Mothershed, who was arraigned on a charge of having married a negro woman. It is thought that on his trial, next week he will will plead the Civil Rights bill.

ON A RAMPAGE.—On Monday night Berry Johnson (col), got on a rampage at Stone Mountain, and tried to kill Peter Rollins and wife, (colored). He assaulted them and struck them over the head with a pistol. He was carried to Decatur yesterday and lodged in Castle Hunter.

NEEDED.—The subject of building side walk bridges over the railroad crossing on Whitehall street for the accommodation of pedestrians is being discussed. Some think that bridges can be erected there that will cost but little, and at the same time be a great convenience to the public at large.

ECCENTRICITIES OF AGE.—We learn that there is a lady living near Buford, on the Air-Line Railroad, 103 years of age, who has never seen a railroad or locomotive.

A gentleman living in Alabama, near the Georgia line, ninety-seven years of age, was recently married to a lady thirty-five years of age. "December and May."

J. L. WINTER.—Our energetic friend, J. L. Winter, tobacco commission merchant, will in a few days remove to the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, under the E. H. Sanford House. The old office and bar room of the Sanford House will be thrown into one, to afford facilities for the exhibition of the large stock of fine tobacco offered by Mr. Winter. He makes a specialty of leaf tobacco.

LARGE SALE OF ELEGANT FURNITURE.—An extensive sale of elegant furniture comes off on next Saturday morning at Mayson's Live Auction House. The furniture embraces the entire stock of W. K. Fox, consisting of walnut bureaus, washstands, what-nots, lounges, cushioned rocking chairs, extension tables, etc. Those wanting bargains would consult their interest by attending. Capt. Barret does the crying of the establishment. He is a popular cryist.

EXPLOSION.—On Monday, one of the workmen employed by Lawson B. Langford, made some experiments in manufacturing ice. He is gifted with rare inventive powers, and set to work to make ice on the same principle as at Iceville. He was conducting his experiments in the forge, and had on a very heavy charge of ammonia. He was nearing success when the ammonia exploded, demolishing the forge and creating great consternation in the shop. The smell of hartshorn still lingers in the shop, and the experiment slumbers.

"JEE SO."—"Hello, Mr. CONSTITUTION man, stop a moment. We are going to stop advertising in THE CONSTITUTION," remarked Messrs. McBride & Smith to this reporter yesterday, as he passed by their factory.

"Why so," we modestly inquired.

"Because since we've commenced advertising we've nearly sold out our entire stock, and must have rest time."

While it is true that McBride & Smith have sold a large number of buggies and carriages, it is equally true that they have replenished their stock, and are equal to the emergency.

THE MORGAN COTTAGE CHAIR.—The editorial rooms of THE CONSTITUTION office are graced with a set of the Morgan cottage chair, from the factory of J. W. Kirkpatrick, at Decatur, a present from its worthy proprietor. The Morgan chair is one noted for its comfort and ease. Mr. Kirkpatrick has been carrying on his factory at Decatur since 1853. He turns out the Morgan cottage chairs, bureaus, tables, etc., and, we learn, will soon have increased facilities for supplying the heavy demand for his furniture. He has built up a good business, and we are pleased to see it deepening and widening. Such men, and such establishments, are a blessing to any community.

ATLANTA AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION.—We are pleased to note the energy of the Directors of the Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Association in making preparations for the Fair this fall. At a meeting of the Directors yesterday, the Board adopted a resolution allowing the running of horses against time, and to incorporate in the premium list all premiums offered by citizens for fast horses. This action of the Board we conceive to be eminently proper. Under the operation of the resolutions, while the Society proper does not lend its sanction to horse races, it does not prohibit the exhibition of fine stock, and the testing of speed against time. Racing is not prohibited; it is simply not made a main issue, only a side issue. The exhibition of the stock adds to the attractiveness of a Fair, and should not be overlooked. Viewing the matter in a practical, common sense light, we commend the action of the Board as wise and prudent.

PERSONAL.—T. G. Healy, of the firm of Healy & Berry, has gone North on a visit to Springfield, Mass., and the lakes.

R. A. Echols, Secretary of the Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Association, left last night for Kentucky in the interests of the Association and his Agricultural Implement House.

We regret to learn of the indisposition of Judge W. B. Smith, the efficient clerk of the United States District Court, and hope to see him at his post in a few days.

Justice B. D. Smith visited Ponce de Leon Springs yesterday.

Senator James R. Brown is in the city.

Col. S. C. Dunlap has returned to the city.

Col. T. Hardeman, Jr., of Macon, W. Hope Hull, of Athens, and Frank H. Miller, of Augusta, are in the city, stopping at the Kimball House.

Col. John Bowles, of the Savannah Custom House, was in the city yesterday.

GEORGIA SUPREME COURT.

Cases to be Decided in the Supreme Court, in Order, July Term, 1871.

REVISED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

Albany Circuit	10	Rome Circuit	12
Southwestern Circuit	35	Cherokee Circuit	16
Chattahoochee Circuit	24	Northern Circuit	6
Clarke, Jackson Circuits	33	Augusta Circuit	30
Macon Circuit	26	Middle Circuit	1
Flint Circuit	18	Ocmulgee Circuit	7
Tallapoosa Circuit	5	Eastern Circuit	9
Atlanta Circuit	23	Brunswick Circuit	5

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*August 1, 1871.*—The Court delivered its opinions in cases argued last week.

No. 21. Southwestern Circuit, was taken up. It is J. M. Stokes vs. Duncan & Johnson; Complaint, from Lee.

Hawkins & Burke, Fred H. West, R. H. Clarke, for plaintiff in error.

Bliss & Hobbs, for defendants in error.

Pending the concluding argument in this case, the Court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

EXHIBITS OF PEACHES.—At the meeting of the Atlanta Pomological Society, on Monday last, the exhibition of fruits was large and interesting, further notice of which, with a list of premiums, will be published next Saturday.

In accordance with general request we republish the list of exhibitors and fruits at last meeting:

R. Peel—L. Bonne de Jersey, Tyson, Bartlett, White Doyenne, Henry 4th, Beurre Clairgeau, Duchess d'Angouleme, Rareripe.

W. H. Wallace—L. Bonne de Jersey, Tyson, Bartlett, Michael Archange, Red Cheek, Melocoton, Late Delaware, Lemon Cling Stump-the-World, Chinese Cling, Rareripe (all ripe except the Delaware); Celestial and White Adriante figs.

J. Ormond, Esq.—Bartlett, pears; two varieties apples, unknown.

W. Jennings—Duchesse de Angouleme (green), L. B. de Jersey (green), Bell Lucrative (ripe), several varieties (green) unknown, pears; Chinese Cling, peaches; Concord, Norton's Virginia, and Perkins, grapes.

P. P. Pope—L. Bonne de Jersey (ripe), pears, Clinton or Warren, grapes; English Red, rareripe, second crop.

W. P. Erskinson—Howell, Mayenne Pears; White cling, Flewellen, Paces seedling, Pace, old Mixon cling and free, Lemon cling, Estonton August, Camak, Newington, Red Cheek, Melocoton, Clark's Prolific, Stubblefield, Platford Jims, Wilder, Hartford Prolific, Rogers 31, Clinton, Concord Grapes; Trophy, Tomlinson's Seedling.

Thomas Scratchen—Delaware, Concord, Catawba Grapes, Apples.

Dr. S. Hope—White Foreign Grape, name unknown; Martha, Concord, Ives, Grapes; Stump-the-world, Peaches.

J. Normann—Concord, Grapes.

R. H. Goodman—Bartlett, Pears.

L. C. Wells—Chinese Cling, Peach.

W. W. Clarke, Covington—Several varieties of grapes, presented through the Editors of THE CONSTITUTION office.

OPENING OF THE NATIONAL HOTEL.—Yesterday, the National Hotel was re-opened to the travelling public, after a long suspension. The new landlord, M. Stubblefield, is a popular Boniface. He knows how to suit the popular taste. The hotel has been renovated throughout, painted, refurnished and improved. The rooms are furnished in excellent style, and look cool and inviting; and in the eating department, guests get what would delight the most fastidious. The opening dinner yesterday was royally magnificent, and served up in super-excellent style. Among the guests present were Generals, Colonels, Majors, lawyers, and civilians, and members of the press gang. We noticed in the number John C. Wise, Atlanta editor of Rough Notes; Reporter, and Colonel Miles Turpin, the Mark Lemon of the Weekly Rumors.

The established reputation of Mr. Stubblefield is a sufficient guarantee that the National will be well kept, and we content ourselves with a bare announcement that he has re-opened the National.

CONSIGNEES PER WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD, August 1, 1871.—Williams, L. & Co; A. K. Seago; F. M. Richardson; Pendleton, Jones & Co; T. R. Rogers; Smith, S. & Co; Campbell, O. & Co; A. J. Nicholson; C. E. Rogers; J. M. & J. C. Alexander; Phillips & Crew; Stokes & Bro; L. H. Langford; D. Ryan; McNaught, O. & Co; A. C. & B. F. Wyly; Echols & Wilson; M. W. Johnson; W. W. Johnson; West & Edwards; Order J. H. Ricardson; W. H. Wilson, Order; W. M. & R. J. Lowry.

JUST received by Phillips & Crew, The Luck of Roaring Camp, by Bret Harte; Common Sense in the Household; Ballads, by John Hay; Castles in the Air; Our Girls, by Dio Lewis; Miss Schwartz's novels, etc.

Local and Business Notices.

THOMAS L. WELLS, the Meion King, will receive daily, from Augusta, two car loads of large melons. Call early if you would secure any.

ROME MILLS FFF Flour from new wheat at Tidwell's corner Broad and Mitchell streets. aug2-d1t.

CASSIMERES in great variety, closing out this week at low prices, at

july30—d3t JOHN KEELY'S.

BLACK and Colored Alpacas at very low prices, at JOHN KEELY'S.

july30—d3t

LISLE Thread Poplins for dresses, beautiful styles at 20 and 22½ cents, at

JOHN KEELY'S.

july30—d3t

ROOMS TO RENT.—20 Rooms to rent, formerly occupied as the Stubblefield House on Alabama street, suitable for offices or bedrooms. Possession given at once. Apply to M. Stubblefield, at National Hotel.

july28-d1w.

A NEW lot of Solid Colored Lawns, just received and for sale at 15 cents per yard, at JOHN KEELY'S.

july30—d3t

GENUINE French Corsets, 75 cents each, at

july30—d3t JOHN KEELY'S.

LEMONS! LEMONS!! LEMONS!!!—30,000 Lemons received by Stokes & Bro.—$7 to $8 per box, according to quantity taken.

July28-d1w

BETTER, QUICKER, CHEAPER Binding, Ruling, etc., done at Hanleiter's than any other establishment. Send your books, magazines, papers, etc., at once.

WM. R. HANLEITER,

July19-tf Box 249.

HANLEITER continues to do all kinds of Ruling and Book Binding Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov17-d1y

GOOD MEASURE AND RUNNING OVER. Dooley's Yeast Powder has already taken the precedent over others, from its well known strength and purity; but aside from these facts, it is put up in cans holding the FULL WEIGHT as represented, which is rarely the case with those of ordinary manufacture. Hence, Dooley's Yeast Powders is the best purest, strongest and cheapest ever offered to the consumer, and every one who has used it will readily testify to this assertion. For sale in quantities to suit by all good grocers.

aug1—d1w

ATLANTA RESTAURANT.—This popular resort is still open to the public. Everything nice can be had here. The bar is supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. Confectioneries and fruits of all kind. All orders must be accompanied with the cash.

apr27-d1y

MILWAUKEE BEER at John Peel's, Marietta street. july2—deodim

WE are Agents for the Battle Creek Coal Mines, and are prepared to furnish Coal for grates or steam, by car load, delivered in Atlanta, at 23½ cents per bushel, or at 18 cents on cars at Chattanooga. This Coal is the best offered in our market, and this is the time to buy your Coal for winter.

ANDERSON, PATTON & Co.

july7—dtf Chattanooga, Tenn.

As the season is advancing we are offering our immense stock of Men's, Youth's, Boy's and Children's Clothing at reduced prices. Our assortment is composed of garments suitable for the season, such as Linens, Ducks, Serges, Drabdetes, Flannels and light weight Cassimeres, in all shades and qualities. Every one can be suited who will favor us with a call.

ESKMAN & Bro.,

Clothiers and Tailors,

april29—dtf 56 Whitehall street.

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER stands unequaled for making light, healthy, and nutrious rolls, biscuits, griddle cakes, etc. The ingredients used in the manufacture of this powder are not only chemically pure, but so proportioned that the results produced are the same each time. In this respect it possesses superiority over all others in the market. Only two teaspoonfuls are required for a quart of flour. For sale by grocers generally. Use Dooley's Yeast Powder only. Dooley & Brother, Proprietors, 60 New street, N. Y.

june25-d1w

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Baltimore, ... Maryland.

THE next Regular Session will commence on the First Tuesday in October, 1871. Preliminary lectures will begin 15th September. The course of instruction is eminently practical and complete, consisting of didactic lectures, clinical lectures, and special instruction in the diagnosis and treatment of disease at the bedside. Every variety of clinics may be seen in the Hospital Wards, and Free Dispensary connected with the College. Fees—For full course, $140; Matriculation, $5; Dissection, $10; Graduation, $30. Students from the late secession States, whose means are limited, will be received upon the beneficiary plan of the faculty. The new, striking and attractive, quadrangular, fire proof building will be open for inspection in September.

WILLIAM P. CHANCELLOR, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

july20-sodim

MERCER UNIVERSITY,

Macon, Ga.

THE next Term WILL OPEN in Macon, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1871; and the collegiate year will extend to the First Wednesday in July, 1872, with a vacation of two weeks at Christmas. Plans for a suite of elegant buildings are now preparing, and they will be pushed to an early completion. Ten valuable additions have been recently made to the chemical and philosophical apparatus.

Tuition for the collegiate year, $100; School, including bedding, fuel and lights, in good private families, ranges from $25 to $30 per month.

For further information apply to Professor J. E. WILLET, Penfield, Ga., until October 1st; and at all times, to Rev. H. C. HORNADY, General Agent, LaGrange, Ga.

FACULTY:

REV. J. J. M. CURRY, LL. D., President (elect) and Professor of Systematic Theology, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy.

SHELTON P. SANFORD, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Civil Engineering and Astronomy.

JOSEPH E. WILLET, A. M., M. D., Professor of Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology and Botany.

WILLIAM C. WOODFIN, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages.

REV. JOHN J. BRANTLY, D. D., Professor of Theology, Evidences and Modern Languages.

D. E. BUTLER, President Board of Trustees.

S. LANDRUM, Secretary Board of Trustees.

july28-d1w&col

Business Men!!

ALL persons doing business in the city of Atlanta are hereby notified to come, at once, to my office and renew their license; also, make returns on quarterly sales for the quarter ending June 30th, 1871, and pay thereon. All those failing to attend to the above by the 25th instant, will be called on by the Marshal, with cost of 5 per cent added.

S. B. LOVE, Clerk of City Council.

Atlanta, July 8, 1871. july7—d1m

Southern Female College,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA,

THE 30th Annual Session of this Institution opens in the new College Building the LAST WEDNESDAY IN AUGUST, with a corps of eight first-class Teachers.

Apply for Catalogue to I. F. COX,

july28—d1w&w1t President.

SAMUEL H. STOUT, M. D.,

AGENT FOR INTRODUCTION OF

Harper & Bro.'s EDUCATIONAL WORKS.

Office at Phillips & Crews', corner Marietta and Peachtree streets, Atlanta, Ga. Judge T. S. Foster, Clerk; always present to attend to business in his absence. sept1-d1y

A CHOICE RESIDENCE LOT on Pryor street near the center of the city—just the distance for a Business man, and in one of the best neighborhoods in the city of Atlanta—can be had by applying at once to S. B. Spencer, at Clark & Spencer's Law Office, No. 12, Grant's Building. aug1-d3t

WANTED.

FOUR GOOD MULES and a WAGON, for the Georgia Western Railroad.

Apply at once to JOHN H. JAMES,

july20-d3t Vice President.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of E. Andrews & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. ANDREWS,

Atlanta, July 1, 1871. S. S. MAY.

The business will be continued under the name and firm of C. P. May & Co., at the Old Stand, No. 71, Whitehall street. We shall keep a full stock of Saddles, Harness and Saddlery Hardware, and solicit the patronage of the citizens of Atlanta, Ga.

C. P. MAY & CO.

All bills due the firm of E. Andrews & Co., will be settled by the new firm. july1-tf

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 29, 1871.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN,

From Atlanta, Ga,

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP, Nine Dollars and Seventy-five Cents—including Stage Fare—can be had on application to J. H. POTTER, General Ticket Agent, Union Passenger Depot, Atlanta.

E. B. WALKER, Master Transportation.

june30—d2m (inside)

GRANTVILLE, GA., April 7, 1871.

Messrs. McBride & Co., Atlanta, Ga:

We have just marked the Crockery, etc. We are pleased with the bill. Allow us to congratulate you on securing such a good packer—scarcely a piece broken.

Fill the order for Cutlery at lowest prices.

Truly yours,

GARRETT & ZELLERS.

McBride & Co.,,

Manufacturers' Agents

FOR

FRUIT JARS,

Cheapest first-class Jars in the Market.

And all Standard Jars, Strictly at Manufacturers' Prices.

500 Crates Assorted Granite, etc.,

Ware exactly suited to wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Our Own Importation,

IN

ORIGINAL PACKAGE,

contain no

High-Priced Dishes,

OR

UNSALEABLE GOODS.

Will sell for net CASH for $80 per Crate.

apr6-d1y

Blue Mountain Route

VIA

SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD,

AND

Its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6:30 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome 11:20 P. M., making close connections with mail train of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma 10:00 A. M., and at Montgomery, via South and North Alabama Railroad at 10:15 A. M.

The road has been recently equipped, and the equipment is all entirely new. Coaches not surpassed by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.

Pullman's Palace Cars

Run through from Rome to Montgomery without change. Passengers for Montgomery, Selma and points beyond, arriving in Atlanta by evening trains,

AVOID A NIGHT'S DELAY

in Atlanta by taking this route.

This is the only line out of Atlanta making close and direct connections via Meridian to Jackson, Vicksburg, Monroe and other points in North Louisiana.

Purchase tickets via Kingston at General Ticket office.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH. Fare to all points as low as by any other route.

R. G. HARNEY, General Sup't.

JOHN B. PEEK, Gen. Pas'r. Agent may16-dtf

FOR SALE,

JUDGE JNO. I. HOPKINS' RESIDENCE,

Corner of Currier and Ivy (Old Peachtree) Streets.

THIS fine property has a front of 121 feet, extending back about 270 feet to Collins Street. It contains everything to make it home-like. Will be sold altogether or divided. Any one wishing to purchase a

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE,

Will be conveyed to the purchaser. Possession given at once. WALLACE & POWELL,

july26—d3t Real Estate Agents.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF CURES THE WORST PAINS IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES. NOT ONE HOUR.

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden Infirm, Crip pled Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chill.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of **Radway's Ready Relief** with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE,

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion Secured to all.

Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing Cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the Body undergoes, under the influence of this Truly Wonderful Medicine, that

EVERY DAY AN INCREASE IN FLESH AND WEIGHT IS SEEN AND FELT.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the waste of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fevers, Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent powers to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in resting those wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the Back and along the Loins.

Price $1 Per Bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S Perfect Purgative Pills,

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, mineral, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

"READ FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87, Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you. july5-d&weodly

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO

CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

All Retail Orders amounting to $20 and Over Delivered in any Part of the Country

FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the want of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

SAMPLE BUREAU,

and will, upon application, promptly send by mail full lines of Samples of low Second and hand Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell as low, if not at less prices, than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris markets.

As we buy and sell only for cash, and make no bad debts, we are able and willing to sell our goods at from TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT. LESS PROFIT than if we gave credit.

In sending for samples specify the kind of goods desired. We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

Orders exceeding $5 will be sent C. O. D.

PROMPT-PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Package Department.

Address: HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,

127, 129, 131 and 133, West Baltimore street,

nov5-deodly Baltimore Md.

A REBELLIOUS STOMACH.—The Stomach, like the body politic, resents ill-treatment by rebellion. And when it rebels, the liver, the bowels, the nerves, the circulation, the brain, revolt likewise, and the whole system is disastrously agitated. Pacify and regulate the deranged digestive organ first, and the disturbance in its dependencies will speedily cease. The tonic, alterative, corrective and purifying properties of

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT,

render it an irresistible remedy in cases of indigestion and its concomitant ailments. It is a fine stomachic, and its cathartic operation is so mild and genial, that it never produces the slightest symptoms of debility.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

july25—deodtw&wtt

THIS VALUABLE PREPARATION combines all the Medicinal virtues which long experience has proven to possess the most safe and efficient Alterative and deobstruent properties for the cure of Scrofula,

King's Evil,
White Swellings,
Ulcers,
Cancerous and Indolent Tumors,
Mercurial and Syphilitic Affections,
Enlargement and Ulceration of the Bones, Glands, or of the Womb, Spleen and Kidneys.

All the various Diseases of the Skin, such as:

Tetter,
Ringworms,
Boils,
Pimples, Sore Eyes, &c.,
Karvous Affections,
Despair and all Diseases
Originating from a Depraved state of the Blood.
Also, many affections peculiar to Females, as:
Suppression,
Irregularity,
Leucorrhœa or Whites,
Sterility,
Ovarian and Uterine Dropsy, etc., etc.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE

FOR SYPHILIS, and all its train of evils, it is a SURE ANTIDOTE.

Prepared at the Laboratory of

WILLIAM H. TUTT, AUGUSTA, GA.

For Sale by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. may11-deod 6m

J. W. FISKE,

99 Chambers Street, CORNER OF CHURCH, NEW YORK,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK,

FOUNTAINS, VASES,

Statuary, Deers, Dogs, Lions, Setters, Chairs,

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

Lawn and Garden Ornaments.

GALVANISED WIRE FENCE, for Farms, Lawns, Henneries, etc.

CRESTINGS FOR MANSARD ROOFS, a large variety of new and desirable patterns.

IRON STABLE FIXTURES, of the most approved designs.

IRON AND WIRE RAILINGS, for Public and Private Dwellings, Banks, Offices, Counters, etc.

COPPER WEATHER VANES,

Over 200 new and original patterns.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ALL WORK WHEN REQUIRED.

Specimen Fountains to be seen at the Governor's Mansion, The Kimball House, and residence of Colonel John M. Clarke, McDonough street, Atlanta.

99 Chambers Street, Corner of Church,

July28—d3m NEW YORK.

ATLANTA DEPARTMENT

Southern Life Insurance Com'y,

ATLANTA, ... GEORGIA.

—o—

JOHN B. GORDON, PRESIDENT. A. H. COLQUITT, VICE PRESIDENT. W. C. MORRIS, SECRETARY.

—o—

A PURELY SOUTHERN INSTITUTION, investing its money where it obtains its patronage—more economically managed than any Company of its age in the country—its losses being over fifty per cent. below the average of American Companies—its ratio of assets to liabilities being greater than any institution of equal business in the United States.

—o—

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. B. GORDON, A. AUSTELL, WADE HAMPTON, D. C. YANCEY, W. A. CALDWELL, D. R. MURCHISON, JAMES A. GRAY, D. E. BUTLER, E. W. HOLLAND, WM. JOHNSTON, ROBERT THOMAS, P. J. PELZER, H. V. M. MILLER, C. H. PRINZY, I. I. GREGG, A. H. COLQUITT, S. HAMILTON, E. H. COWAN, W. R. COX.

A. AUSTELL, E. W. HOLLAND, } Finance Committee. H. V. M. MILLER, J. M. JOHNSON, } Medical Board.

—o—

CARD.

ATLANTA, GA., July 1st, 1871.

At the annual meeting of the Stockholders and Directors of the Atlanta Department of the Southern Life Insurance Company, the undersigned were appointed, in accordance with the earnest desire of the President and Secretary, a committee to examine the books, assets, liabilities, &c., of the Department.

We have patiently and thoroughly examined everything pertaining to the Company's business, and are gratified in being able to state to the Absent Directors, Stockholders and Policy holders, that the business of the Company has been conducted by the officers with economy and fidelity; and that our former confidence in the great success of the Company and its ability to furnish Policy holders as perfect security as any in the country, has been strengthened.

[Signed] J. S. HAMILTON, BEN. G. YANCEY, A. H. COLQUITT, } Committee.

july2-dtf

Hutchinson's Single and Double

CIDER MILLS,

The American Cider Mill

LIGHTNING APPLE PARERS,

Lightning Peach Parer,

Also, a large arrival of

Fresh Turnip Seed,

—AT—

ECHOLS & WILSON'S

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,

BROAD STREET, BY THE BRIDGE.

N. B.—Our Stock of every class of IMPLEMENTS is being daily added to. Every Implement for the Farm and Garden can be had at the LOWEST PRICES. july25—d6m

W. B. LAWSON

OFFERS his services to parties wishing anything PURCHASED IN NEW YORK, which they may not find to suit them in Home Markets. The articles will be bought as low as possible, and only a small commission charged for purchasing.

Address letters W. B. LAWSON,

256 Broadway.

Refers to Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Moore & March, Atlanta, Ga. july28—d3m

JOHN LEITER. E. P. KENDRICK.

Established 1850.

LEIPER & MENEFEE,

Near the Railroad Depot,

MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

Produce, Bacon, Lard, Wheat, Corn, Etc., Etc.

Agents for the purchase of COTTON.

WAREHOUSE

Immediately on Track Railroad.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE

Can Store, (if need be, for Parties,)

100,000 bushels of Grain.

And keep it in bins, thus saving Sacking, Rotage and Waste in Storage. feb26-3m[sat.] '72

JOHN T. COX. HENRY A. MERRY

COX & MERRY, PRODUCE AND Commission Merchants,

No. 308 Broad Street,

Augusta, Ga.

march2-dtf

NORTH GEORGIA FEMALE COLLEGE,

IVY STREET,

Between Wheat and Line Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

FALL SESSION opens September 4th, 1871. For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply at the Book and Music Rooms, or at the College.

A. J. & ANNIE P. HAILE, Principals.

july26—d3m

THE ATLANTA

Ice Manufacturing Co.,

IS NOW READY TO SELL ICE

AT THEIR DEPOT.

At the Bridge on Broad Street,

Where Orders will be received and Tickets Sold.

Ice Sent by Rail

TO ALL CONVENIENT POINTS.

Terms Cash.

All orders should be addressed to

EPHRAIM TWEEDY,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.

P. S.—Orders for the delivery of Ice at residences

RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

july23—d3w

Special Notice.

Excursion Return Tickets!

GREAT REDUCTION!

THE WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD and its connections offer great inducements to persons desiring to visit the many Summer Resorts. Atlanta to Lookout Mountain and Return..... $9 75

" " Cloudland Springs and Return..... 9 75

" " Warm Springs, N. C. and Return..... 30 00

" " Yellow Sulphur and Return..... 20 25

" " Montgomery White Sulphur and Return..... 35 00

" " Alleghany Springs and Return..... 40 00

" " Capon's White Sulph

The Daily Constitution.

MY LITTLE GIRL.

BY QUINCY GUILD.

How I should like to be a child
That's not an infant lady—
The charming innocent between
A woman and a baby.

A little girl with merry shout,
That gravely does her baking
In tiny ovens made of brick,
Mud pies of her own making.

Little worn-out shoes, with toes rubbed off;
Her dress and apron spotted;
Her bonnet off and hair awry:
Her chubby fingers soiled.

She plays with dollies made of rags,
With heart that's light and merry,
And never notes her play-mate's gown,
So her laugh is free and cheery.

She freely plays with little boys,
And parts from them with kisses—
Knows not the prim, young lady air,
Of modern childish misses.

She'd wipe the tears from the beggar's eyes,
And give them half her dinner,
While dainty children stand aloof
For fear they'd soil their fingers.

I long to see my little girl—
And you would if you knew her;
I mind the "coming woman"—
Artless children make them rare!

Athenian.

The following items we clip from the Athens Banner:

It is stated that the family of Hon. B. H Hill will spend the winter in Atlanta.

The commencement parties opened on Tuesday night, with a brilliant soiree, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hoover.

STANDING OF AN ATHENS BOY.—We observe that in the examination of the students for admission to the Anapolis Naval Academy, A. C. Hodgson stood third in a class of forty, and was elected Captain of his boat and mess.

SOCIETY NOTES.—Mr. Jeff. Lane and Miss Marion Reese were married on Wednesday night. The ceremony was performed before a large concourse of friends at the Methodist church, by Rev. Dr. Speer. Reception at the residence of Sidney C. Reese, the bride's father.

SEEING THE ALUMNI.—It is expected that there will be several thousand colored people in town next week to see the Alumni. They are saving up fractional currency, and declare that they "mus see dat show." Nothing since the last election has created so much interest among that class of our fellow citizens. The inquiry is constantly made, "wonder which road de lumni will come in on—will it cross de upper or de lower bridge—and will dey show at night as well as in de day." For particulars see small bills.

CLARKE COUNTY STATISTICS.

WHITES.	
Number of polls	1,108
Professions—Doctors, Lawyers, etc.	23
Dentists	2
Architects	1
Daguerreans	1
Billiard tables	6
Children between 6 and 18 years	1,259
Children, guardian for	23
Hands between 18 and 65 years	1,892
Number acres land	178,9-6
Value of land	$ 639,402 00
Value of town property	965,585 00
Shares National Bank	95,000 00
Money, notes and accounts	705,606 00
Merchandise	253,625 00
Bonds, etc	48,664 00
Cotton and other factories	425,000 00
Household and kitchen furniture	46,766 00
Other property	195,810 00
Aggregate value of whole	$3,470,036 00
Amount subject to tax	3,337,876 00

COLORED.	
Number polls	1,375
Property subject to tax	$ 42,675 00
Number polls, white and colored	2,483
Total property, including value of wild lands	$3,557,145 00

Foreign Items.

The armories of France can produce 500,000 rifles yearly.

Thirty-nine thousand persons die annually in England of consumption.

The Jewish quarters of Rome contain a population of 4,800 people of that faith.

Twenty thousand persons are reported as having perished from cholera at Buenos Ayres.

The new Spanish Government has inaugurated reform in reducing the salaries of all functionaries twenty per cent.

In a late speech, the Austrian Minister of War announced that at the present time he was in a position to place 650,000 men on a war footing.

A correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette thinks that a quarter of a million of lives on all sides, from sword, disease and various causes, were sacrificed in the late war.

M. Laboulaye, who has been elected to the French Assembly, is said to be better acquainted with the Constitution of the United States than any man in France.

A railway carriage was recently presented to Bismarck, upon the announcement of which fact the Imperial Chancellor thanked the gentleman who came to imform him of it, saying that he had never received a more welcome present.

Political Items.

Governor Holden's impeachment trial cost the people of North Carolina $61,540.

The Republican State Convention of Louisiana assembles August 9th. The Convention of Republicans in New Jersey meets September 7th.

A correspondent of the New York Herald from Long Branch says that President Grant is perfectly satisfied with the situation, and feels that the political skies are not unpropitious.

General Kilpatrick and Senator Battle are contending for the Radical nomination for Governor of New Jersey. Grant is unpopular in the State, and neither of the candidates as yet support his renomination.

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican prophesies that the Republican party is marching to a Big Bethel defeat. Too many Butlers, too many Camerons too many Mortons and Chandlers, too much stealing and land grabbing have killed it: it is dead before it goes into battle.

The Terre Haute (Ind.) Journal, Radical, says: We have been a Republican as long as there was a Republican party and we will not vote for Grant if he is nominated.

Theodore Tilton says, that "a renomination of Grant would be so injudicious that it ought to be no longer discussed.

Governor Randolph, of New Jersey, says: The masses of the Democratic party accept the Constitution as it is, eschew all dead issues, and press on for a complete rehabitation of the country in all its practical necessities, its industries, its commerce, its finances and the absolutely equal rights of all men, sects, parties, clans and classes before the law.

Don Piatt, a Radical correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, a Radical newspaper, says that the Radicals steal with a grace, defraud with blessings, and when they rise, say, In the name of God let us rob somebody. Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Radical Senator, says, The whole land is sick of Radicalism. The people want peace and the reduction of taxes.

General News Items.

Wilmington, Delaware, is to have a $100,000 hotel.

General Grant has declined going to California.

Boston is happy over a one hundred pound codfish.

There are more Irish in the United States than in all Ireland.

The home consumption of petroleum for 1870 was about 70,000,000 gallons.

A Newport belle has a wardrobe which fills seven large trunks.

Saratoga is crowded, one hotel having eight hundred guests.

Escanaba, Michigan, will ship 1,200,000 tons of iron ore this season

One wheat field near St. Paul, employs 150 men and 15 reapers.

Chicago has had a hail storm, which broke wiadow glass to the value of $18,000.

New York has one hundred and sixty-four railroads, aggregating 7,165 miles in length.

From January to July, 14,000,000 bushels of grain were shipped from New York to Europe in sailing vessels.

The Baptist Church in this country numbers 17,000 churches; the present membership is 1,400,000.

Walla Walla, Valley, Oregon, will harvest a million of bushels of wheat, realizing a revenue of $700,000 in gold.

Fred Grant has abandoned the army and has accepted a position as civil engineer on the Pacific Railroad.

☞ In the bitter contest with self, the best man may at times fall. The true hero will then set to work, and for himself build another pedestal, broader, stronger and higher than the last.

THE ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA R. R.

IS

COMPLETED;

And forms, with its

CONNECTIONS,

THE

SHORTEST LINE

FROM

Chattanooga

TO

MOBILE, NEW ORLEANS, VICKSBURG,

AND ALL

SOUTHWESTERN CITIES.

BY the completion of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, first-class Passenger Fare has been reduced to the following figures:

Chattanooga to Meridian	$12 00
" to Mobile	17 25
" to New Orleans	22 25
" to Jackson, Miss	17 00
" to Vicksburg	19 00
" to Monroe, La	24 00

Magnificent cars of the latest and most approved patterns are run on all trains.

This is the only route that runs PULLMAN'S PALACE DAY and SLEEPING CARS from Chattanooga to Mobile and New Orleans.

THROUGH TICKETS FOR SALE AT THE

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The attention of Freight Shippers is called to this

SHORT LINE

As offering the advantages of speedy transit between the North and South for all descriptions of freight, with rates always as low as by any other route.

Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities North and South.

WILLIAM KEAVY,
General Freight and Passenger Agent.
J. C. STANTON, General Supt.
june30—dtf

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COMMISSION DEALERS

—AND—

SHIPPERS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE,

SUCH AS BUTTER, CHEESE EGGS, POULTRY, GAME, VENISON, DRESSED CHICKENS, TURKEYS, DUCKS, GEESE, ETC.,

PEACHTREE STREET

WE SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS FROM THE FARMERS and merchants of North East Georgia. We promise quick sales, small commissions and fair dealing. Give us a trial.

AIR-LINE EXPRESS.

WE have established a regular EXPRESS LINE on the AIR-LINE RAILROAD. A messenger will run daily on the passenger train. Agencies will be established at every station on line of road.

All Express matter will be delivered free of charge to and from the cars at the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad Depot.

Office at their store on Peachtree street.

H. H. WITT & CO.,
Proprietors.
july8-d6m

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. Indigestion, or want of action in the Liver, causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart depression of spirits, or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms, SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts midly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch for its virtues, viz:

Hon. Ale ander H. Stephens, of Georgia.
Bishop Pierce, of Georgia.
Jno. Gill Shorter, ex-Governor of Alabama.
Gen. John B. Gordon.
R. L. Mott, of Columbus, Ga.

See among the hundreds of whom we can refer to.

Price, $1.00. By mail, postage prepaid, $1.25. Manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
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SIX MILES FROM

Frankfort, Kentucky.

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COURSE OF STUDY,

Such as to thoroughly fit those who take it for any calling in life, and it is most thoroughly taught. To the benefit of a full collegiate course is added the discipline, instruction, and

Drill of the Military School.

Located in a quiet, healthy country, so far distant from town as to place the young men beyond the manifold temptations which ordinarily attend College Life.

The students all board in the Barracks, and are kept under rigid military discipline. There are no temptations to extravagance or dissipation.

This School has combined the discipline of the camp with the comforts and pleasures of home life, which can hardly be found elsewhere.

The 26th Academic Year,

WILL BEGIN ON

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COL. R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintendent,
Farmdale, Franklin Co., Ky.
july28—deod2w&w2t

LaGrange District Meeting.

LAGRANGE DISTRICT MEETING of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will be held at Greenville, Ga., EMBRACING FIFTH SUNDAY IN JULY. Opening sermon on Wednesday night, 26th instant, by Rev. W. M. CRUMLEY.

H. I. ADAMS, P. E.
LaGrange, July 7, 1871. july11—d1t

To Rent,

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,

On Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets,

In front of Passenger Depot.

POSSESSION GIVEN AT ONCE.

For Terms apply to Mrs. M. J. JOHNSON, Administratrix,
Or to JOHN L. JOHNSON, Deputy Marshal.
Atlanta, Ga., July 27, 1871—d1w

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

THIS is to give notice that my wife, Julia Agricola, has my consent to become a public trader or free dealer, and to act in the capacity of a *feme sole*. This July 25th, 1871.

R. J. T. AGRICOLA.
july25—d1awiw

Avoid Quacks.

A VICTIM of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address

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jan29-deod3m

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Magic Lanterns and Slides. Thermometers, Barometers, Globes, Electric Machines, Rhumskof Coils, Air Pumps, Galvanic Apparatus, &c., &c.

The following Manuals sent on receipt of 10 cents for each part:

Part 1. Mathematical Instruments, 155 pages.
" 2. Optical " 100 "
" 3. Magic Lanterns " 88 "
" 4. Philosophical Instruments, 66 "
june14-d3mo

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☞ Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders.

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june6-d1y Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

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CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Returns made as desired. J. A. BALE, Proprietor.

REFERENCE—J. H. James, Banker, Atlanta; Meadoe & Bro., Atlanta; Silvey & Dougherty, Atlanta; Moore & Marsh, Atlanta; Cox & Hill, Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

GEO. N. LESTER, Marietta, Ga. WM. S. THOMSON, Atlanta, Ga.

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Attorneys at Law,

ATLANTA, - - - - - - GEORGIA,

WILL give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.

OFFICE—In "The H. I. Kimball House," Nos. 16 and 18, directly over H. I. Kimball's office, fronting on the Railroad.

Geo. N. Lester will continue to reside at Marietta, and will attend the courts as heretofore, but will generally be AT THE OFFICE. march3-dtf

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ROACHES, BEDBUGS, etc.,

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All are especially invited to call and see our works.

Samples to be seen at the factory on old Race Track street, near Barracks.

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First Cabin, $65 and $75, according to Location.
Cabin Return Tickets, $130, securing best accommodations.
Intermediate, $33. | Steerage, $28.

Parties sending for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y., or to V. DUNNING, Sleeping Car Office, Atlanta, Ga. Responsible Agents wanted in town and country. june21-d1 wlm.

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INFORMS the people of Atlanta and surrounding country that he keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Metalic Burial Cases, Caskets, and Coffins. Also, STATE AGENT FOR TAYLOR'S PATENT CORPSE PRESERVER, by which bodies are kept for several days in a perfect state of preservation. My personal attention will be given to all orders. Office 68, Whitehall street. Coffin ware room Luckie street. july4-d2m

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Northern Pacific Railroad.

RAPID PROGRESS OF THE WORK.

THE building of the Northern Pacific Railroad (begun July last) is being pushed forward with great energy from both extremities of the line. Several thousand men are employed in Minnesota and on the Pacific coast. The grade is nearly completed 206 miles westward from Lake Superior; trains are running over 120 miles of finished road, and track laying is rapidly progressing toward the eastern border of Dakota. Including its purchase of the St. Paul and Pacific Road, the Northern Pacific Company now has 412 miles of completed road, and by September next this will be increased to at least 500.

A Good Investment.—Jay Cooke & Co. are now selling, and unhesitatingly recommend, as a profitable and perfectly safe investment, the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. They have 40 years to run, bear Seven and Three-Tenths per cent. gold interest, (more than 8 per cent. currency,) and are secured by first and only mortgage on the ENTIRE ROAD AND ITS EQUIPMENTS, and also, as fast as the Road is completed, on

23,000 Acres of Land to every mile of track or 5760 Acres for each $1,000 Bond. They are exempt from United States Tax; Principal and Interest are payable in Gold; Denominations: Coupons, $100 to $1,000; Registered, $500 to $10,000.

Lands for Bonds.—Northern Pacific 7-30's are at all times receivable AT TEN PER CENT. ABOVE PAR, in exchange for the Company's Lands, at their lowest cash price. This renders them practically INTEREST BEARING LAND WARRANTS.

Sinking Fund.—The proceeds of all sales of Lands are required to be devoted to the re-purchase and cancellation of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company. The Land Grant of the Road exceeds Fifty Million Acres. This immense Sinking Fund will undoubtedly cancel the principal of the Company's bonded debt before it falls due. With their ample security and high rate of interest, there is no investment, accessible to the people, which is more PROFIT ABLE OR SAFE.

Exchanging U. S. Five-Twenties. The success of the New Government 5 per cent. Loan will compel the early surrender of United States 6 per cents. Many holders of Five-Twenties are now exchanging them for Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties, thus realizing a handsome profit, and greatly increasing their yearly income.

Other Securities.—All marketable Stocks and Bonds will be received at their highest current price in exchange for Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties EXPRESS CHARGES on Money or Bonds received, and on Seven-Thirties sent in return, will be paid by the Financial Agents. Full information, maps, pamphlets, etc., can be obtained on application at any agency, or from the undersigned. For sale by

JAY COOKE & CO.,
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MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,

CONSTITUTED by the homes of the people, received the Great Award of the Highest Sales, and have left all rivals far behind them, for they sold in 1870, One Hundred and Twenty-seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three Machines.

The Singer Manufacturing Company sold over the Florence Sewing Machine Company.....110,173 Machines.
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine Company.....98,943 "
Sold over the Weed Sewing Machine Company.....92,881 "
Sold over the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company.....70,481 "
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Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company.....44,625 "

It is the most simple and easily regulated Machine now in use.

The shuttle gives an even tension from the full to the empty bobbin.

Makes the most durable, elastic and smooth stitch.

Stitching the softest muslin without drawing it into the feed, and from that to heavy cloth or leather without changing the tension, making it capable of a greater range of work than any other machine made.

We use the straight needle, and it will do more and finer work than the curved needles.

The work moves from you instead of sideways, which is much easier to manage.

For speed and ease of operation it is unequaled.

Our machinery is all protected from dust.

Our corder, tucker, gatherer, quilter, trimmer, fringer, binder, hemmer, braider, feller and embroidery attachment are simple and easily used.

We have the best of skills of our own manufacture at wholesale and retail, of all colors and numbers.

We will place the Singer in your family for a trial with any machine you may wish to try with it.

The sales of our New Family Sewing Machine is steadily increasing, showing its popularity.

The new No. 1 Machine for Tailors and Bootmakers is the best in the market.

Examine before purchasing.

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Silk Thread, Needles, Oil, etc., always on hand.

Stitching neatly done.

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Though only known to the public for about the space of twelve months, this carrivaled medicine has nevertheless already attained a wide notoriety—hundreds restored to health by its wonderful power, now testify to its many virtues, and the proprietors are constantly receiving applications for it from almost every quarter.

Branch & Quin's Liniment is no Yankee swindle. Its proprietors are Southern men. All they ask is a trial in order to convince any one, even the most obstinate and prejudiced of its merit, and they are prepared to guarantee it to be as represented.

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THIS School will open as usual, on the 26th of September, 1871, and close June 26th, 1872. Number limited to 60. The summer session begins the 17th of April, every year, and pupils may be entered either for the half session, closing 1st September, or for full scholastic session, closing first week in February.

For circulars apply to the Principal.
july13—deod6m

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HAVING arranged with MR. WILLIAM GRENIER to supervise the whole matter of propagating, packing and transporting eggs and adult or fry fish. Orders addressed to him at Tuscumbia, Lee county, Alabama, will be promptly filled in any or all of the following varieties, with a complete set of their gentlemen's instructions in hatching or raising them:

Trout, Bream, Perch, in all their varieties, Bass and Red Heads.

apr12-d3m WM. PENN TOMPS.

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FLOUR of all grades always on hand, and furnished at the lowest pr... july5-6month

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MANUFACTURERS of all the Grades of WATCHES, PENDANT WINDERS AND KEY WINDERS, AMERICAN

BOTH NICKEL AND FROSTED MOVEMENTS, WITH DAMASKEEN FINISH.

The finer grades all having three pairs Conical Pivots, Cap Jeweled, in Gold Settings, and accurately adjusted to *Heat, Cold and Position*; and all, even in the cheapest grades, have the STRAIGHT-LINE Escapement, with Exposed Pallet Jewels, and Hardened and Tempered Hair Springs; and for our late improvement in STEM-WINDING mechanism, we claim a *STRENGTH, SIMPLICITY* and *SMOOTHNESS* hitherto unattained in any other manufacture, at home or abroad.

Constantly on hand, full lines, all sizes, in Gold, Silver, Diamond Set and Magic Cases, Minute Repeaters, Independent 1-4, 1-5 Split and Fly-back Seconds, for taking three different times, for timing Horses, Artillerymen, &c.

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